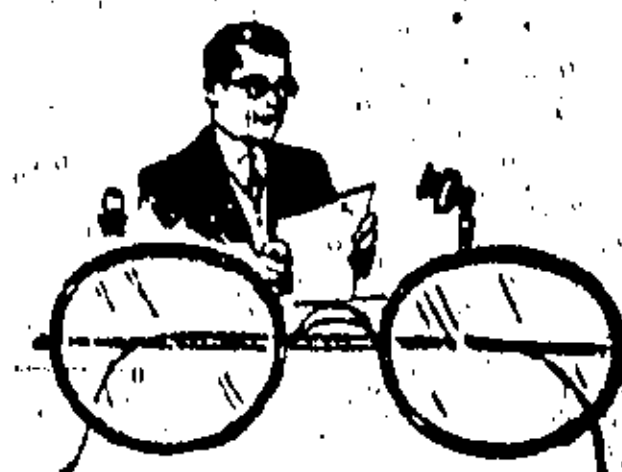


The China Mail

ESTABLISHED
1845

No. 19,849 HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1926. PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.

THE BUSINESS MAN AND HIS GLASSES—



He demands service and satisfaction at a price consistent with quality. We have been here in Hongkong for over forty years, giving satisfaction to the business men of this Colony.

N. LAZARUS

Hongkong's Only European Optician, 12, Queen's Road C

The Finest ESSEX ever built. The easiest driving and riding ESSEX ever built. The finest ESSEX in materials and workmanship ever built. The smoothest, most reliable ESSEX ever built. A car you will take pride in owning. It is better looking and better arranged. It gives freedom from tinkering and frequent repair costs. Its price is the lowest at which ESSEX has ever sold. You cannot get comparable performance and reliability in any other car within hundreds of dollars of its price.

Touring.....\$1,000 Coach.....\$2,145

Including complete special equipment.

THE DRAGON MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.

83, Wong Nei Chung Road, Happy Valley.

WHITEAWAYS' FOR VALUE THREE KNOT HOSE



"Three Knots" HOSE OF QUALITY

The Celebrated "THREE KNOTS" ART SILK HOSE. For Value and wear Cannot be beaten. In Black, White and all Popular Shades.

Price \$2.50 pair.

THE "MARVEL" BUNDLE OF TAPE

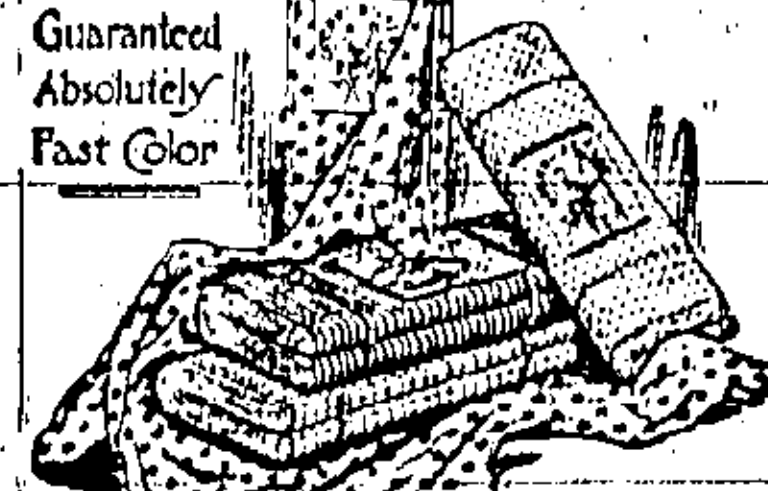


ONE OF WHITEAWAYS' STANDARD VALUES

The "MARVEL" bundle of tapes contains 12 pieces of assorted widths and useful lengths.

Price 40 cts.

WYDERO



The Best Wash Fabric. For Frocks, Shirts, Pyjamas, Children's dresses, etc. White and numerous stripes and designs. 29 inches wide.

Price 85 cts. yard.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD. HONGKONG.

NOTICE TO SHIPOWNERS, MASTERS & AGENTS.

The Yuen Wo Seamen's Institute always has men available to ship as watchmen, seamen, &c.

Our men are employed by the leading passenger lines. We guarantee satisfaction.

Please phone or call—

K.661—No. 2, Saigon Street, Yaumatei or C.2560—No. 38, Tung Man Street.

CAMPBELL MOORE & CO. LADIES & GENTLEMEN'S HAIR DRESSERS.

LADIES' HAIR SHINGLE A SPECIALITY. ALSO MANICURE AND MARCEL WAVING.

18, Queen's Road C, 1st floor.

NATHAN ROAD SHOT.

FIRING IN SMALL HOURS. THIS MORNING.

ROW WITH CYCLISTS.

A shot was fired from a pistol about two o'clock this morning in the vicinity of the Po Hing theatre, in Nathan Road.

This spot is near that part of Yaumatei which is lighted up practically from sunset to sunrise. At times when most people are in bed, push-cyclists are still riding about for fun.

From an eyewitness, the "China Mail" learns that several Chinese were embroiled in a row. A bicycle, said to be a tandem, was involved. One side is alleged to have accused the other of causing a collision. Words may have led to blows, or only threats. At any rate, one of the party was armed with a pistol or revolver. This he drew, firing a round into the air.

It is not known whether the shot had the desired effect of scaring off would-be fighters, but a Shanghai policeman's tent was drawn and he took the whole lot along to the station. Some of the men wore European clothes.

TRADE TROUBLE.

NAM PAK HONG MERCHANTS' DISPUTE.

DRUGS & COMMISSION.

A deadlock has set in, in the trade dispute involving local drug merchants in Nam Pak Hong.

A circular has been issued by the importers of Chinese drugs. They state that their goods are brought "laboriously" over mountain and ocean for sale here. The "98 honks" (i.e., larger firms who sell on 2 per cent commission, and therefore only pay 98 per cent—hence the name) only get this small remuneration of 2 per cent, for their trouble and for shouldering credit and storage expenses.

They accuse the Nam Pak Hong buyers (who act for principals) of unreasonably demanding a further 2 per cent commission before they will purchase. The importers deem this unfair and are now prepared to withhold transactions, for fear that buyers, in other trades will follow suit, says the circular.

On the other hand, the native drug importers' guild is now advertising for drug salesmen who can "push and dispose of their wares" in outposts, Malaya and elsewhere, where the goods have hitherto been shipped.

H.E. the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of 2nd Lieut. Alan Prissmell of his commission in the Hongkong Volunteer Defence Corps, with effect from June 4.

MRS. HUNT'S LOSS.

THIEF TAKES JEWELLERY AND CLOTHES.

LOSS VALUED AT \$160.

Mrs. Hunt, wife of Staff-Sergeant Hunt, the local gymnastic expert, has lost \$160 as the result of a thief entering her house and making off with jewellery and some clothes.

Mr. and Mrs. Hunt live at Detention Barrack, off Garden Road and just above Murray Barracks. In the report to the Police, Mrs. Hunt says that the theft must have occurred some time between Wednesday evening and yesterday morning.

The jewellery is valued at \$100 (two articles) and the two items of clothing make up the remainder.

Inquiries are being made.

IN PORTUGAL.

PRESIDENT CAST INTO JAIL.

ANOTHER CABINET.

Paris, July 9.

It is reported from Lisbon that the Army is demanding the resignation of the President, General Da Costa.

It is reported that a Committee of three Generals and two Admirals has been organised, and has been charged with the forming of a Cabinet, including civilians.—Reuter.

Government's Fall.

Lisbon, July 9.

The Da Costa Government has been overthrown. Da Costa is a prisoner in Belem Palace.

A new Cabinet has been formed with General Carmona as Premier; Major Joad Bello as Minister for the Colonies; and Senhor Bettencourt Rodrigues as Foreign Minister.—Reuter.

P. & O. BANK.

LORD INCHCAPE AND THE RUPEE.

FUTURE HOPEFUL.

London, July 9.

At the annual meeting of the Peninsular and Oriental Banking Corporation, Lord Inchcape anticipated that the result of the deliberations of the Royal Commission on Indian Currency would be to stabilise the rupee at 1/6.

He expressed the opinion that with settled conditions of labour, they might be optimistic in regard to the future.—Reuter.

COUNCIL ELECTION.

CONTESTANTS' RECORDS OF SERVICE.

OFFICIAL NOTICE DELAY.

Considerable interest has been aroused locally by the announcement that the appointment for the three months' vacancy on the Legislative Council due to the departure on holiday of Sir Henry Pollock would be contested.

Although the appointment will be temporary, the period of service will include the discussion of the Estimates and whoever is elected by the unofficial J. P.'s will have the opportunity of pressing for reforms in the policy for 1927.

It was expected that an official notice with regard to the election would be made in to-day's "Government Gazette" but certain difficulties arose which led to the postponement of the announcement.

Below will be found the records of the two local gentlemen who offer themselves for election and their photographs also appear in this issue.

MR. ALABASTER.

Mr. C. G. Alabaster has associations with South China dating back for a considerable period, for he is the eldest surviving son of the late Sir Chaloner Alabaster, K.C.M.G., who was formerly H.B.M. Consul-General at Canton. Educated at Tonbridge School, he entered as a student of the Inner Temple in 1901 and was called to the bar in 1904 practising for a time on the Western Circuit.

From 1907 to 1909, Mr. Alabaster was Secretary of the China Association in London and since 1909 he has been a member of the Hongkong bar, "taking silk" in 1922. In 1918 he was made an officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for service in connection with the censorship of cables.

Public Service.

Throughout his career in Hongkong Mr. Alabaster has been closely identified with public and municipal affairs and has already served five times on the Legislative Council—as Acting Attorney-General in 1911 and 1912 (when he was also on the Executive Council) and as elected representative of the Justices of the Peace in 1919, 1924 and 1925. He has been elected three times a member of the Sanitary Board, serving thereon from 1917 until this year. He has also been for many years the elected representative of the Justices on the Licensing Board.

DR. KOCH.

Dr. W. V. M. Koch has had long experience of Government service and of civilian private practice.

Dr. Koch's first service abroad was at Trinidad, West Indies, under the Colonial Office and he remained there from 1889 to 1903. In the latter year he was transferred to the medical department and appointed to Hongkong.

When Dr. Koch retired on pension he was not content to renounce the active life which had entitled him to a well-earned retirement but, being physically sound and capable, he went in for general practice with the well-known firm with which he is now associated.

Although his practice and his high reputation as a surgeon has meant for Dr. Koch considerable work which would be considered by most as a "full day," he has devoted much of his spare time to work involving the public welfare. As a Government nominated member of the Sanitary Board (he is serving his third term of office) he has shown a great interest in public questions especially as regards the water supply as a possible source of contamination when there was a slight outbreak of typhoid two years ago.

The Colony's Health.

Dr. Koch has also urged the Government on many occasions to undertake anti-malarial measures in order to combat the excessive prevalence of malaria in the

TO-DAY'S DOLLAR.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 2/2 15/16.

HIGHER HONOUR.

SIR SHOU-SON CHOW NOW ON "EXECUTIVE."

REPLACES SIR PAUL.

The Hon. Sir Shou-son Chow has been appointed an unofficial member of the Executive Council of Hongkong, in place of the late Sir Paul Chater, C.M.G., with effect from yesterday.

This is announced in the current issue of the "Government Gazette." Sir Shou-son, as is well known, has been for a number of years the senior Chinese (unofficial) representative on the Legislative Council.

If this is not the first occasion on which a Chinese resident has been appointed to the Executive Council, then it is the first for a good many years. There are only three unofficial members on the Executive Council, whose deliberations are in private and with a greater preponderance of officials than in the Legislative Council. Sir Shou-son was knighted last year.

CHOLERA.

AMERICAN DIES IN SINGAPORE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Singapore, Friday.

Three cases of cholera have occurred on the steamer "Erinapura" from Bangkok.

An American passenger, Kiser, has died.

A British lady, passenger and an engineer on the ship are ill.

Memorials of re-entry by the Crown on Inland Lot No. 2439 and Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1813 have been registered according to law.

Colony and the New Territories. He has been a strong advocate for the institution of a general Board of Health and, speaking at Sanitary Board meetings, has indicated lines along which such a Board might be conducted.

Rumour has it that the Government have under consideration certain changes in the medical service and it would be well worth their while to refer back to the proposals which Dr. Koch made at that time. Dr. Koch's scheme is that the Board of Health should be entirely dependent of the Medical Department and should be under a Commissioner of Public Health whose position would rank as a special appointment. Connected with that department, Dr. Koch considers there should be a laboratory for the investigation of local diseases.

Whilst on patrol along the western praya last night, a European police sergeant was informed that a Chinese had jumped into the harbour, from the Sai Kong wharf, about 11 p.m. Efforts were made but the man was not traced.

WIRELESS CONTROL.

NEW BILL FOR LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

LAW TO BE AMENDED.

In the "Government Gazette" appears the Draft of a Bill to amend the law relating to wireless telegraphy.

The objects and reasons stated— 1. One of the principal objects of this bill is to make it necessary for receiving sets to be licensed. This is accomplished by amending the definition of the term "telegraph" so as to include apparatus for receiving as well as apparatus for sending. This follows the policy of the Wireless Telegraphy (Explanation) Act, 1925, 15 and 16 Geo. 5, c. 67.

2. The other principal object of the bill is to make it an offence to maintain, or possess, a wireless telegraph station without a licence. The present Ordinance makes it an offence only to establish a station, or work apparatus, without a licence. It will be noticed that the term "wireless telegraph station" is defined in the bill as including any apparatus which has been installed for the purpose of being used for wireless telegraphy.

3. The opportunity has been taken to shorten and simplify the arrangement of the present Ordinance. For example, the whole subject of the licensing authority and the form and conditions of the licences is relegated to regulations to be made under the Ordinance. In the present Ordinance this matter is scattered over four sections.

4. The definition of the term "wireless telegraphy" in the present Ordinance contains a proviso to the effect that nothing in the Ordinance shall prevent any person from making or using an electrical apparatus for actuating machinery or for any purpose other than the transmission of messages. This proviso was inserted in the Wireless Telegraphy Act of 1904 while the bill was in committee, the mover of the amendment urging that its addition was necessary to protect enterprise and scientific exploration from interference. The proviso was accepted without discussion, but it seems to have been of very doubtful necessity, and it has been omitted from this bill.

5. For the extraterritorial effect of the Ordinance in case of British ships registered in the Colony see the Wireless Telegraphy Order, 1908, Stat. R. and O., 1908, p. 960.

6. Clause 7 of the bill saves existing ship station licences.

WHITE SHIRTS

Made of a fine longcloth with soft double or starched single cuffs. Quite correct for wear with White Mess Jackets

\$6.00, \$6.50 each.

BLACK DRESS TIES

In the latest and most approved shapes.

From \$1.50 each.

BLACK SILK SOCKS

extra heavy weight

\$2.50 \$3.50.

We allow 10% discount for Cash

MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building, Des Voeux Road.

Those who deal with us must be assured of the following advantages:
**FAIR PRICES
FRESH STOCK
FINE QUALITY
FAITHFUL SERVICES**
TABAQERIA FILIPINA

ALBERT

FOR

DAINTY DISHES



A DIALOGUE BETWEEN CONNOISSEURS

He.—Where are you going?

She.—Why, to Albert, of course, where we are sure to get the finest French Pastry and the best cooking.

He.—That is so! His French Cakes at \$1.00 per dozen, his Madeira Cakes, his Big Cakes, his Ice-Creams (combined with excellent cuisine) are made exclusively with the butter, milk and cream of the Dairy Farm Co., Ltd.

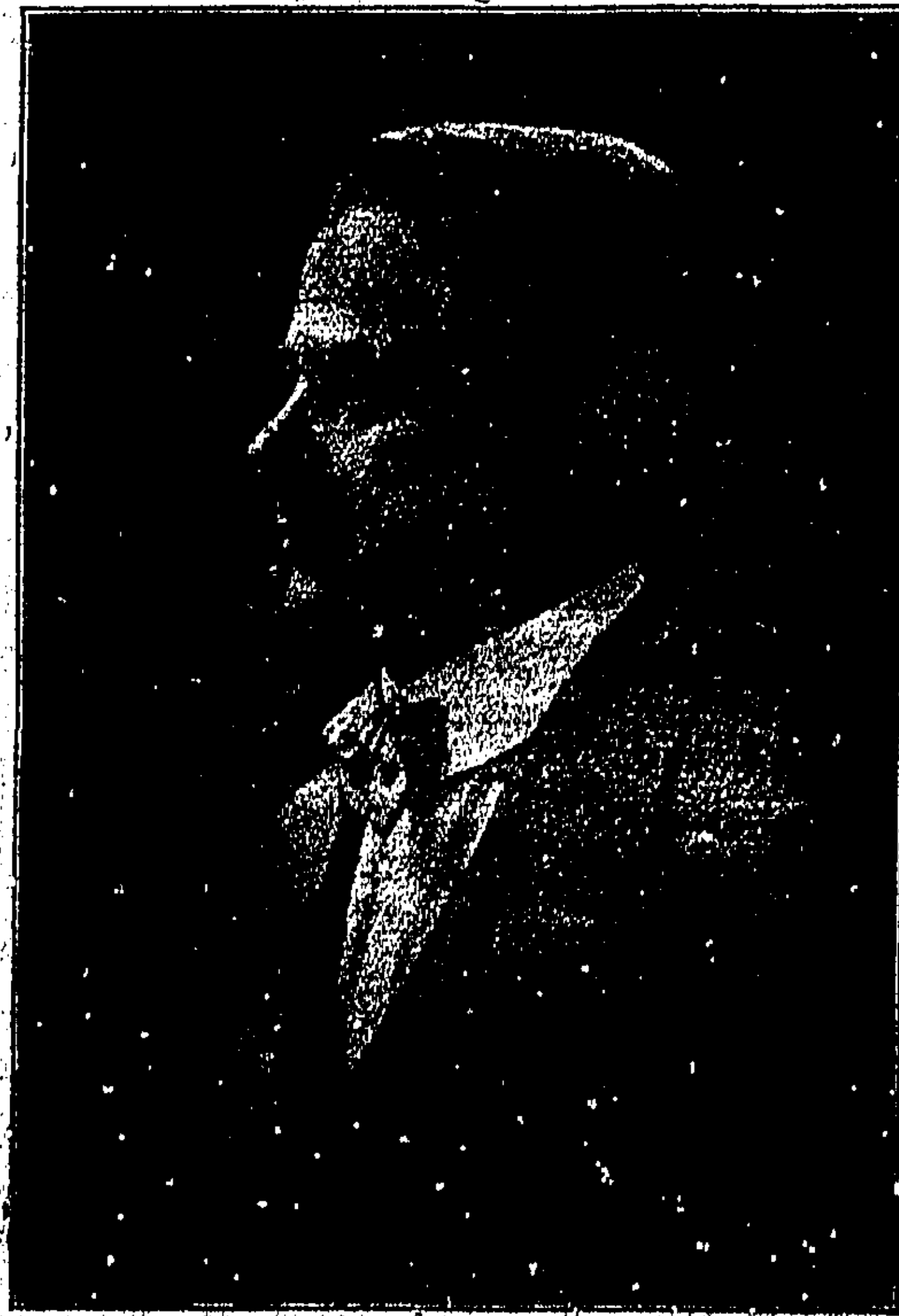
She.—Quite so!—and he also has a new menu comprising fifty new dishes which you can enjoy any time from 10.30 a.m. to Midnight.

Queen's Road Central

(Opposite Hongkong Hotel Building)



Dr. W. V. M. Koch.



Mr. C. G. Alabaster, K.C.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Authorized Capital: £10,000,000
Paid-up Capital: £5,000,000
Reserve Fund: £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG
10, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES: Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG
10, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

BRANCHES: London, Lyons, Paris, Shanghai, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

Authorized Capital: £1,000,000
Paid-up Capital: £500,000
Reserve Fund: £1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG
10, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

BRANCHES: Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG
10, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

BRANCHES: Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL MAATSCHAPPIJ.

Established 1821.
Hongkong Branch Established 1906.

Authorized Capital: £1,000,000
Paid-up Capital: £500,000
Reserve Fund: £1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG
10, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

BRANCHES: Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

Established 1880.

Capital (Full paid-up) Yen 100,000,000
Reserve Fund Yen 86,000,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at: Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

THE BANK OF EAST ASIA, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG
10, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

Authorized Capital: £10,000,000
Paid-up Capital: £5,000,000
Reserve Fund: £1,200,000

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES: Batavia, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

BANQUE FRANCO-CHINOISE

pour le Commerce et l'Industrie

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG
10, Des Voeux Road Central, Hongkong.

BRANCHES: Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

BRANCHES: Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.

INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER, 1899.

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES: Canton, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Kobe, London, Lyons, Manila, Peking, Shanghai, Singapore, Soerabaya, Tientsin, Yokohama.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business Transacted. Loans granted on approved securities. SAVING DEPOSITS TO LET.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

INSURANCE REPORT.

Caledonian Co., 121st Annual Meeting.

At the 121st annual general meeting of the Caledonian Insurance Co. (The Oldest Scottish Insurance Office) at Edinburgh on May 6, the Directors submitted the following report for the year 1925:

Life Department.

Assurances Proposed, 1835 for £1,437,974, whereof declined, or not carried out, 186 for £170,582. Assurances granted, 1649 for £1,267,392. Premiums thereon, £153,231, including £113,051 by single payments. Whereof re-assured, £69,500 at premiums of £2,220; the net amount of new assurances retained at the Company's own risk being thus £1,197,892, and the net new premiums being £151,011.

The total premium income for the year after deduction of re-assurances amounted to £580,125. Annuities granted 54 for £4,533 per annum. Purchase money received £42,737.

Death claims, including bonuses, £215,449. Endowments matured, including bonuses, £116,390.

Annuitants which have ceased by death, 31 for £2,347 per annum. The life assurance and annuity fund amounted at the end of 1925 to £5,442,150, the addition for the year being £406,656.

Fire Department.

Net premiums for 1925 £365,041 5 10
Interest on fire funds £30,883 1 2
£395,924 7 0

Losses—£2.55 per cent.
£491,193 8 2
Commission, expenses, and losses—£40.32 per cent.
£207,843 9 2
£699,041 17 4

Increase in reserve for unexpired risk, £3,420 0 0

Surplus on year's trading carried to Profit and Loss Account £52,462 9 8

Personal Accident, Employers' Liability and General Department.

In these departments the premiums amounted to £349,627. 6s. 3d., and the losses to £196,837. 6s. 5d. Sums amounting in all to £15,000 have been transferred from these accounts to Profit and Loss Account.

Marine Department.

The marine premiums for 1925, after deducting returns, re-assurances and commission, amounted to £137,496 9s. 1d. The claims paid in respect of the year 1925 were £33,170 1s. 9d., and the claims in respect of the year 1924, including an ample provision for outstanding and contingent losses, amounted to £64,903 7s. 8d. The sum of £15,000 has been carried to the Profit and Loss Account, leaving a balance of £182,199 15s. 9d. standing at the credit of the marine fund.

Profit and Loss Account.

The balance at credit of Profit and Loss Account carried forward from last year after providing for dividend was £130,947 2 0

To which have been added:—
Surplus on year's fire trading, as above £62,462 9 8
Transferred from:—
Employers' Liability Insurance Account £7,000 0 0
General Insurance Account £3,000 0 0
Marine Insurance Account £15,000 0 0

SINGAPORE TRADE.

Maephail and Co., Ltd., in their weekly report dated June 29 state: During the past week tin has again had the most active market; rubbers being quieter than for some time past.

Rubber.—The price is marked down 1/2d and 2 1/2d locally which has reached in most share quotations. Sellers have come out but buyers are holding off for lower prices.

Tin.—The metal is up 1/2d and 2 1/2d locally. A large business has been put through at increasing quotations with buyers predominating at the close.

Industrials and Lumps.—Continued firm.

The closing prices of our raw materials are as follows: Rubber, London 1s. 8d. per lb. down 1/2d. local 6 1/2d down 1/2d. Tin, London 22 1/2 per ton, up 1/2d. local 138 1/2 per pikul, up 2 1/2.

Rubbers.—Ayer Panas are easier at 12 1/2 and 13 1/2 at 192 1/2. Ceylon can be placed at 36 cum. 1/2d. Tambakals at 1.50. New Soudais after business at 3.55 cum. Ceylon easier at 3.45 cum. United Malaccas are quoted 3.30 3.35 and 3.40 3.45. Pindas at 3.30 3.35. Kamassans can be placed at 7.20 and Parit Perak at 5.50. Sungei Ramah offer at 4.85 and Magdai Telokang at 9s. New Serendais have buyers at 5.60 and Allenbys offer at 3.40. Bukit Katils are quoted at 1.45 1.50 and Bukit Jelokong at 1.30 1.35. Mantakabs have sellers at 67 and Sungei Takungas at 75. Ulu Benuts are quoted 33, 38 and Mayfields at 16, 16.50. Ayer Moles have sellers at 2.12 1/2 and Ayer Kunings at 1.15. Utan Simpans have buyers at 4.90 and Hemiltans at 3.50 cum.

Mining.—Rahmans have been placed in quantity from 2.50 2.60 and Eastern Siam up to 7s. 9d. prem. for arrival. Asama have buyers at 63s. and K. L. Tins at 34s. Kundangs can be placed at 32s. and Idris at 58s. 6d. cum. arrival. Mambays are steady round 1.45 and Nanyang Pats have improved to 1.67 1/2 buyers. Klang Rivers have come to business at 3.85 and Patani Tins at 1.15. Puchungs are firm and made 12s. prem. Tongkah Harbours offer at 15 1/2 arrival and Ulu Yams at 39s. 6d. Thabawellies have buyers at 51s. and Takupangs at 38s. Rantais ordinary have been done at 1.65 and the Profis. at 1.62 1/2. Sungei Ways clone sellers at 3.20 arrival and Kuchais at 1.82 1/2. Nal. Hoots are firmer at 1.30 and Talpings at 1.70 ex. Souths have buyers at 73 and Norths at 74. Johans have improved to buyers 48 while Remblans are eager and offer at 1. Talams have buyers at 1.45 cum. and Tins Lands at 32 1/2 prem.

General.—Traders have buyers at 84 1/2 ex. and Colliers at 39.50 cum. Steamships are quoted 280 cum. and Unifairs 280. At 12.26 12.50. Wearers offer at 18 and P. S. S. and Newars at 22.50. Eastern Shippers

INDIA BOUGHT LESS GOLD AND SILVER DURING LAST YEAR.

An interesting feature of the Indian trade return for the year April, 1925-March, 1926, is the indication of a return to a more normal state of affairs in the arrivals of gold into India, the net imports having declined from 74 crores in 1924 to 35 crores in 1925, compared with an annual average of 29 crores during the 5 years preceding the war, states Barclay's Bank circular. The corresponding pre-war figure for silver was 7 crores, but the total increased to 29 crores in 1924/5 and then declined to 17 crores in 1925/6. The total imports of gold and silver, therefore, have fallen from 94 crores in 1924/5 to 52 crores in 1925/6, and this reduction of 42 crores is an important factor in the increase in India's favourable balance of trade from 61 crores in 1924/5 to 109 crores in 1925/6. The latter figure is unusually high and the only previous occasion on which it has been exceeded was during the boom year of 1919/20, when the total reached 111 crores.

The homeward remittance of funds by India during 1925/6 amounted to the record figure of 63 crores, but it should be remembered that 9 crores of this total was allocated to the paper currency reserve. The expansion in the note circulation in India, which accompanied this addition to the reserve, has probably been responsible, in part, for the weaker tendency noticeable in recent months in the Indian exchange, and during April the authorities in India took steps to correct the position by offering for sale, reverse council bills on London. At the same time, it was stated that the Indian Government had transferred 3 crores of rupees from the paper currency reserve to the balances of the Secretary of State in London, and it is noticeable that during the period from March 31, 1926, to April 22, 1926, the British Government securities in the reserve fell by 5 crores, while there was a contraction of 5 1/2 crores in the note circulation.

LONDON BULLION.

In their weekly report on the London bullion market dated June 3, Messrs. Mocatta & Goldsmid state:—

The quotation for spot silver has remained at 30.15 throughout the whole of the past week with the exception of June 2, when there was a temporary rise to 30 1/4.

This remarkable steadiness has been due to Indian bank covering, but these purchases have been counter-balanced by sales on China account and from America. The market has consequently been curiously undisturbed, either by the buying or the selling, in spite of the transactions being on a considerable scale.

Gold.—There was only a very small arrival this week and this was absorbed by India and the Trade.

During the week £221,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

HONGKONG MARKET PRODUCE. APPROXIMATE RETAIL PRICES.

Butcher Meat.				Poultry.			
July 1, June, June, 1926, 1918, 1914.				July 1, June, June, 1926, 1918, 1914.			
Cts. Cts. Cts.				Cts. Cts. Cts.			
Beef Sirloin	牛尾肥	lb.	36 24 12	Chicken	雞	lb.	60 30 31
Prime Cut	牛尾	"	38 23 12	Capons, Small	雞	"	55 28 30
Cornd	成牛肉	"	36 23 12	Capons, Large	雞	"	60 28 30
Roast	成牛肉	"	36 24 22	Duck	鴨	"	40 22 21
Breast	成牛肉	"	28 20 18	Doves	斑鳩	each	22 21
Soup	成牛肉	"	30 20 18	Eggs, Hen (cooking)	雞蛋	per doz.	28 18
Steak	成牛肉	"	33 24 22	Eggs, Hen (fresh)	新鮮雞蛋	"	36 25 20
Steak Sirloin	成牛肉	"	45 30 35	Fowls, Canton	本地雞	lb.	75 38 24
Sauzages	成牛肉	"	40 26 20	Fowls, Hainan	海南雞	"	45 24 24
Bullock's Brains	牛腦	set	per set \$1.00 10 12	Geese	鵝	"	55 24 24
Tongue, fresh	牛腦	"	each 90 50 60	Pigeons, Canton	白鴿	each	50 30 —
Tongue, corned	牛腦	"	— 60 —	Holow	白鴿	"	30 28 —
Head	牛腦	"	\$1.00 — \$1.20	Turkeys, Cock	火雞	lb.	— 51 45
Heart	牛腦	lb.	24 13 14	Turkeys, Hen	火雞	"	— 51 45
Hump, Salt	牛腦	"	38 20 18	Snipe	火雞	each	— — —
Feet	牛腦	each	12 10 12	Phasant	山雞	pair	— — —
Kidneys	牛腦	"	15 10 12	Quail	山雞	"	— — —
Tail	牛腦	"	30 20 22	Partridges	山雞	"	— — —
Liver	牛腦	lb.	24 13 14				
Tripe	牛腦	"	8 6 7				
Calves' Head & Feet	牛頭	set	\$1.20 \$1.00 \$1.60				
Mutton Chop	羊排	lb.	55 26 —				
Leg	羊排	"	25 26 —				
Shoulder	羊排	"	52 24 —				
Saddle	羊排	"	50 — —				
Pigs' Chiddings	豬排	"	20 — 27				
Brains	豬排	Per set	3 — 12				
Feet	豬排	lb.	18 15 —				
Fry	豬排	"	28 15 18				
Head	豬排	"	20 20 —				
Heart	豬排	each	12 10 10				
Kidneys	豬排	"	12 10 10				
Liver	豬排	lb.	45 30 24				
Pork Chop	豬排	"	36 25 23				
Leg	豬排	"	36 — —				
Loin	豬排	"	40 28 27				
Fat or Lard	豬排	"	24 21 —				
Sheep's Head & Feet	羊頭	per set	90 60 70				
Heart	羊頭	each	12 8 7				
Kidneys	羊頭	"	15 12 10				
Liver	羊頭	"	50 28 25				
Sucking Pigs, to order	豬排	lb.	25 22 22				
Suet, Beef	豬排	"	34 20 18				
Mutton	豬排	"	50 28 24				
Veal	豬排	"	38 20 19				
Sauzages	豬排	"	40 20 20				
No. 1.	豬排	"	— — —				

Fruit.			
July 1, June, June, 1926, 1918, 1914.			
Cts. Cts. Cts.			
Almonds	杏仁	lb.	55 35 —
Apples (California)	金山蘋果	"	30 24 —
Bananas (bride's)	金山香蕉	"	6 4 —
Carambola	楊梅	"	— 12 —
Cocoanuts	椰子	each	13 10 10
Lemons, China	金山檸檬	lb.	12 7 —
Lemons (America)	金山檸檬	each	6 8 —
Lichees, Dried	荔枝干	lb.	42 25 30
Oranges (Canton)	新嘉坡	"	35 — —
Oranges	新嘉坡	"	35 — 15
Pears (Canton)	沙梨	"	12 — —
Peanuts	花生	"	14 10 12
Persimmons, Large	紅柿	"	— 12 —
Plantain	香蕉	"	4 8 4
Pumpkin, Siam	暹羅南瓜	each	20 12 6
Walnuts	胡桃	lb.	15 — 15
Grapes	提子	"	— — —

Fish.			
July 1, June, June, 1926, 1918, 1914.			
Cts. Cts. Cts.			
Barbel	鯪魚	lb.	32 19 24
Bream	鯪魚	"	30 20 16
Canton Fresh	魚(名城淡)	"	24 18 16
Water Fish	水魚	"	36 16 27
Carp	鯪魚	"	40 12 8
Catfish	鯪魚	"	36 20 25
Codfish	鯪魚	"	48 23 28
Crabs	蟹	"	30 16 2
Cuttle Fish	魚	"	75 23 18
Dab	魚	"	16 10 9
Dace	魚	"	12 10 8
Dog Fish	魚	"	24 16 —
Eels, Conger	魚	"	28 10 18
Fresh Water	魚	"	60 26 30
Yellow	魚	"	75 32 26
Frogs	魚	"	80 40 30
Garoupa	魚	"	22 18 15
Gudgeon	魚	"	32 22 18
Herrings	魚	"	30 18 23
Halibut	魚	"	32 22 18
Labrus	魚	"	75 22 24
Loach	魚	"	72 32 21
Lobsters	魚	"	45 32 26
Mackerel	魚	"	28 13 2
Monk Fish	魚	"	25 10 22
Mullet	魚	"	80 14 9
Oysters	魚	"	24 20 15
Parrot Fish	魚	"	16 13 9
Perch	魚	"	72 28 14
Pike	魚	"	38 28 20
Plaice	魚	"	24 88 30
Pomfret, Black	魚	"	10 10 14
Pomfret, White	魚	"	45 22 16
Prawns	魚	"	76 38 30
Ray	魚	"	16 8 10
Rock Fish	魚	"	24 10 10
Snail	魚	"	55 28 35
Salmon	魚	"	65 38 30
Shark	魚	"	38 28 23
Sprat	魚	"	42 28 15
Shrimp	魚	"	45 15 11
Snappers	魚	"	15 30 40
Sole	魚	"	15 30 40
Tuna	魚	"	15 30 40
Turbot	魚	"	15 30 40
Trout, small, to water	魚	"	15 30 40

Vegetables, &c.			
July 1, June, June, 1926, 1918, 1914.			
Cts. Cts. Cts.			
Artichokes	花椰菜	each	— — 8
Beans, Sprout	豆苗	lb.	4 — 7
Long	豆苗	"	12 8 —
Beet Root	紅頭菜	each	2 8 8
Bitter Squash	苦瓜	lb.	5 — —
Brinjals, Green	青瓜	"	7 5 9
Rad	紅瓜	"	8 5 8
Cabbages, Chinese	白菜	"	11 5 12
(Shanghai)	上海白菜	"	18 12 —
Cane Shoots, bunch	竹筴	"	— — —
Cauliflower (Large)	大花椰菜	each	— — —
(Medium)	中花椰菜	"	— — —
(Small)	小花椰菜	"	— — —
Carrots	紅蘿蔔	lb.	7 5 6
Celery, Chinese	芹菜	"	8 10 6
Chillies, Dried	乾辣椒	"	22 25 5
Rad	紅瓜	"	15 10 12
Green	青瓜	"	7 8 12
Curry Stuff, English	印度香料	lb.	10 3 —
Cucumbers	黃瓜	each	4 2 —
Garlic	蒜	"	7 3 3
Ginger, Young	薑	"	10 7 —
Old	老薑	"	7 10 —
Horseradish, Shanghai	上海辣根	each	30 8 4
Indian Corn	玉米	"	8 45 —
Lettuce	生菜	lb.	7 1 —
Water Chestnuts	荸薺	"	10 — 8
Mandarin	橘子	"	10 — 3
Mushrooms, Fresh	鮮蘑菇	"	45 — 3
Okraes	茄子	"	14 10 —
Onions, Bombay	印度洋蔥	"	8 3 3
Green	青蔥	"	7 4 6
Shanghai	上海蔥	"	6 3 —
Parsley	香菜	"	80 60 8
Potato, Sweet	甘薯	"	5 3 —
Potato, Japanese	日本薯	"	4 3 —
American	金山薯	"	1 8 10
Pumpkin	南瓜	"	4 3 4
Radish	紅蘿蔔	"	8 8 —
Rhubarb (Fresh)	新鮮紅蘿蔔	"	14 — 10
Shallots	小洋蔥	"	8 8 —
Spinach	菠菜	"	8 4 —
Tomatoes	番茄	"	14 7 —
Taro	芋頭	"	8 8 —
Turnip, Punt (Long)	長白蘿蔔	"	7 4 —
Vegetable Marrow	茭瓜	"	10 4 —
Water Cress	水蔞	"	16 15 —
Wheat, Soft	軟麥	"	8 6 —

DODWELL & COMPANY, LTD.

FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK Via SUEZ.

M.V. "RABY CASTLE" Sails on or about 19th July.

LLOYD TRIESTINO

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (Fiume). TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA AND DANUBE PORTS.

REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI, VENICE OR TRIESTE.

"A" Class \$72.10.0d. "B" Class \$66.0.0d.

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE & MOJI.

S.S. "VENEZIA" Sails on or about 12th July.
S.S. "ROSANDRA" Sails on or about 5th August.

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE.

S.S. "VENEZIA" Sails on or about 5th August.
S.S. "ROSANDRA" Sails on or about 31st August.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

FROM CALCUTTA & COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "UMSINGA" Sails from Calcutta on or about 31st July via Rangoon & Colombo.
S.S. "UMVOLOSI" Sails from Calcutta about 31st August.

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports. Through Bills of Lading issued from Hongkong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Telephone Central 1030.

O. S. K.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP—Via Singapore, Colombo, Suez and Port Said.

ATLAS MARU Wednesday, 28th July.

RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES—Via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban & Capetown.

MANILA MARU Saturday, 24th July.

BOMBAY—Via Singapore and Colombo.

INDUS MARU Friday, 9th July.

HONOLULU MARU Monday, 19th July.

CALCUTTA—Via Singapore and Rangoon.

SEATTLE MARU Sunday, 25th July.

BANGKOK—Via Saigon.

VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA & VANCOUVER—Via Shanghai and Japan Ports.

ARIZONA MARU (From Shanghai) Thursday, 15th July.

DURBAN, DEARBOROUGH, DAR-ES-SALAAM, ZANZIBAR & MOMBASA—Via Singapore & Colombo.

CANADA MARU Wednesday, 14th July.

NEW YORK—Via Japan ports, San Francisco and Panama.

HAYRE MARU (From Keelung) End of July.

JAPAN PORTS

SANUKI MARU Saturday, 24th July.

SUMATRA MARU Friday, 18th August.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY.

KAHO MARU Sunday, 11th July Noon.

HONAN MARU Sunday, 18th July Noon.

TAKAO via SWATOW & AMOY.

KOTSU MARU Wednesday, 14th July 10 a.m.

TAKAO and KEELUNG.

BATAVIA MARU Saturday, 24th July.

SHANGHAI MARU Beginning of July.

DAIREN via CHEFOO and TSINGTAU.

KINZAN MARU Wednesday, 7th July.

For further particulars please apply to—OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA.

Tel. Central No. 4088, 4089, 4090. M. TAKEUCHI, Manager.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

TAKAO.

July 14—O.S.K. Kotau Maru
24—O.S.K. Batavia Maru

SWATOW.

July 11—O.S.K. Kajo Maru
14—O.S.K. Kotau Maru
18—O.S.K. Hozan Maru

AMOY.

July 11—O.S.K. Kajo Maru
14—O.S.K. Kwangtung
18—D.N. Hainan
18—C.N. Anking
18—C.N. Szechuen
14—O.S.K. Kotau Maru
17—C.N. Kiangsu
18—O.S.K. Hozan Maru
23—C.N. Sinkiang
23—J.C.L. Tjimanook

FOOCHOW.

July 13—D.L. Hainan

SHANGHAI.

July 11—C.N. Suiyang
12—N.Y.K. Fushimi Maru
12—C.N. Taming
12—L.T. Venezia
13—C.N. Szechuen
13—N.Y.K. Siberia Maru
14—N.Y.K. Nagano Maru
15—L.C.S.N. Yatsushiro
15—B.I. Shihale
15—A.O.L. Pres. Grant
15—J.C.L. Tjimanook
15—C.N. Sunning
17—C.N. Shanghai
18—C.N. Pres. Taft
20—C.N. Sinkiang
21—N.Y.K. Ceylon Maru
21—N.Y.K. Lima Maru
21—L.C.S.N. Fushimi
21—L.C.S.N. Suiyang
22—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia
22—C.N. Szechuen
23—J.C.L. Tjimanook
24—S.E.A. Co. Canton
24—N.Y.K. Taiyo Maru
27—A.O.L. Pres. Madison
28—L.C.S.N. Kwangang

Aug. 3—H.A.L. Munsterland

5—L.T. Rosandra

9—A.O.L. Pres. Jackson

9—N.Y.K. Tenyo Maru

15—\$ Line Pres. Lincoln

19—C.P.S. Empress of Asia

31—H.S.L. Oldenburg

Sept. 8—C.P.S. Emp. of Canada

18—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

Oct. 14—C.P.S. Empress of Asia

20—C.P.S. Emp. of Canada

Nov. 11—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

DALNY.

July 12—C.N. Taming
23—J.C.L. Tjimanook

KEELUNG.

July 11—O.S.K. Kajo Maru
18—O.S.K. Kozan Maru
24—O.S.K. Batavia Maru

CHEFOO.

July 12—C.N. Taming

WEIHAIWEI.

July 12—C.N. Taming

TIENSIN.

July 17—L.C.S.N. Chipahing
20—L.C.S.N. Cheongshing

TSINGTAU.

July 12—C.N. Taming
15—S.N. Yatsushiro
17—C.N. Shantung
21—L.C.S.N. Fushimi
23—C.N. Kwangang

SAIGON.

July 18—J.C.L. Tjimanook

Y-IPHONG.

July 14—L.C.S.N. Leesang
14—L.C.S.N. Hosang
21—L.C.S.N. Mingsang

BANGKOK.

July 10—C.N. Chinhua

SINGAPORE.

July 11—C.N. Kwangtung
18—B.F. Dardanus
18—C.N. Anking
17—C.N. Kiangsu
20—B.F. Tydens
23—B.F. Hector

AMERICAN FAR EAST LINE

FOR SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES.

S.S. "WEST PROSPECT" July 20.

FOR SAIGON ONLY

United States Shipping Board

STRUTHERS & BARRY,

Managing Operators.

L. EVERETT, INC.

General Agents.

Phone C. 3008, 1st floor, Queen's Bldg.



This is a flashlight photo taken recently at the Yee Woo restaurant, West Point, when the senior Chinese staff of the Hongkong Hotel entertained the three "European chiefs," Mr. J. H. Taggart (managing director, now on leave), Mr. W. J. Hawker (managing director) and Mr. J. P. Bourne (superintendent). Mr. Fung Tai-hang presided. In the background (at the top of picture) are the embroidered Chinese scrolls presented to the guests of honour.

MANILA.

Aug. 22—N.L. Fulu
24—B.F. Asphalion

Sept. 8—B.F. Sarpedon

July 14—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

19—A.O.L. Pres. Madison

20—\$ Line Pres. Harrison

21—N.Y.K. Aki Maru

21—B. & S. Taiping

23—\$ Line Pres. Wilson

30—E. & A. St. Albans

31—A.O.L. Pres. Jackson

Aug. 9—\$ Line Pres. Van Buren

11—C.P.S. Empress of Asia

18—A.O.L. Pres. McKinley

17—\$ Line Pres. Hayes

18—B. & S. Changta

27—E. & A. Tanda

22—N.L. Fulu

Sept. 16—B. & S. Changta

17—B. & S. Taiping

Oct. 18—B. & S. Changta

27—N.Y.K. Tamba Maru

17—P. & O. Alipore

19—O.S.K. Honolulu Maru

20—\$ Line Pres. Harrison

22—P. & O. Kashmir

23—P. & O. Tottori Maru

Aug. 8—\$ Line Pres. Van Buren

22—N.L. Fulu

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE VIA MANILA & SANDAKAN.

July 17—E. & A. Taiping

21—N.Y.K. Aki Maru

30—E. & A. St. Albans

Aug. 14—B. & S. Changta

18—N.Y.K. Mishima Maru

22—E. & A. Tanda

Sept. 16—B. & S. Taiping

Oct. 1—E. & A. St. Albans

29—E. & A. Arafura

JAVA PORTS, ETC.

July 14—Nanyo Y.K. Samarang Maru

15—J.C.L. Tjimanook

16—J.C.L. Tjimanook

20—J.C.L. Tjimanook

Aug. 6—J.C.L. Tjimanook

22—N.L. Fulu

JAPAN PORTS.

July 12—L.T. Venezia

12—N.Y.K. Fushimi Maru

13—Nanyo Y.K. Cheribon Maru

13—L.C.S.N. Hosang

14—N.Y.K. Nagano Maru

14—U.S.S.B. West Cayote

15—L.T. Shihale

15—O.S.K. Haimo Maru

17—N.Y.K. Mishima Maru

18—\$ Line Pres. Taft

21—N.Y.K. Ceylon Maru

21—N.Y.K. Lima Maru

22—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

24—S.E.A. Co. Canton

24—O.S.K. Sumaki Maru

25—L.C.S.N. Kamsang

27—A.O.L. Pres. Madison

27—N.Y.K. Taiyo Maru

Aug. 1—\$ Line Pres. Wilson

8—B.I. Rosandra

7—B.F. Tyndareus

8—A.O.L. Pres. Jackson

9—N.Y.K. Tenyo Maru

15—\$ Line Pres. Lincoln

18—O.S.K. Sumatra Maru

19—C.P.S. Empress of Asia

Sept. 8—C.P.S. Emp. of Canada

8—H.A.L. Munsterland

7—E. & A. St. Albans

16—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

Empress of Asia

5—E. & A. St. Albans

14—C.P.S. Empress of Asia

29—C.P.S. Emp. of Canada

Nov. 2—E. & A. Tanda

11—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

Dec. 7—E. & A. Arafura

Jan. 4—E. & A. St. Albans

SAMOA.

July 20—D.L. Hainan

HONOLULU.

July 18—\$ Line Pres. Taft

27—N.Y.K. Taiyo Maru

Aug. 1—\$ Line Pres. Wilson

15—\$ Line Pres. Lincoln

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, AND SEATTLE.

July 15—A.O.L. Pres. Grant

15—B.F. Philoctetes

22—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

23—A.O.L. Pres. Madison

Aug. 7—B.F. Tyndareus

8—A.O.L. Pres. Jackson

19—C.P.S. Empress of Asia

26—B.F. Proteus

Sept. 8—C.P.S. Emp. of Canada

9—B.F. Taiti

16—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

Oct. 14—C.P.S. Empress of Asia

21—B.F. Tyndareus

29—C.P.S. Emp. of Canada

Nov. 11—C.P.S. Emp. of Russia

VALPARAISO.

July 11—N.Y.K. Rakuyo Maru

Aug. 11—N.Y.K. Tatsuno Maru

9—N.Y.K. Calcutta Maru

(Via Suez.)

July 18—B.F. Laomedon

19—D. & Co. Baby Castle

20—\$ Line Pres. Harrison

29—P.L. Japanese Prince

30—B.F. City of Bedford

30—A.O.L. Weirbank

Aug. 3—\$ Line Pres. Van Buren

13—B.F. Malvernian

17—\$ Line Pres. Hayes

27—B.F. Dolus

Sept. 7—P.L. Chinese Prince

10—B.F. Antiochus

24—B.F. City of Eville

Oct. 6—B.F. Sandon Hall

PORTLAND.

July 14—U.S.S.B. West Cayote

SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES.

July 20—U.S.S.B. West Prospect

SAN FRANCISCO.

July 13—N.Y.K. Siberia Maru

18—\$ Line Pres. Taft

27—N.Y.K. Taiyo Maru

Aug. 1—\$ Line Pres. Wilson

9—N.Y.K. Tenyo Maru

15—\$ Line Pres. Lincoln

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

The C.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of Russia" is due at Shanghai to-day.

The C.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of Asia" left Yokohama on July 3

at 9 p.m. and is due at Vancouver on Monday.

P. & O.-British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES incorporated in ENGLAND).

MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS.

TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST INDIES, AUSTRALIA, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND
QUEENSLAND PORTS, AND RED SEA, EGYPT,
CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE
PORTS, EUROPE, &c.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

S. S.	Tons	From Hongkong About	Destination
KARNATA	8,125	10th July	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull
ALLIANCE	5,270	17th July	Singapore, Penang & Bombay
PAHIA	5,007	19th July	Mos, Lodon, Hamburg, Rotterdam & Antwerp
KASHMIR	8,805	22nd July	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Bombay
PANUPRA	10,552	24th July	Marseilles and London
DELTA	8,807	27th Aug.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
MAEDONIA	11,088	21st Aug.	Marseilles & London
KALAN	9,144	4th Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
NAGPORA	5,250	10th Sept.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
MAHWA	10,551	18th Sept.	Marseilles and London
KASHGAR	1,005	22nd Oct.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
MORRA	10,118	15th Oct.	Marseilles & London
KHYBER	9,111	30th Oct.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
MAHUA	10,552	12th Nov.	Marseilles and London
KARNATA	8,125	27th Nov.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
MAEDONIA	11,088	11th Dec.	Marseilles and London
DELTA	8,807	25th Dec.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp
MAHWA	10,551	8th Jan.	Marseilles and London
KALAN	9,144	22nd Jan.	Marseilles, London & Antwerp

Frequent connection from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, P. & O. S. S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hongkong, Cebu, Manila, Java, Sumatra, and other ports en route as indicated on the shipping schedule.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS.

SANTHA	7,954	12th July	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
TILAWA	10,006	15th July	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
TALAMBA	8,018	23rd July	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
SHIRALA	7,841	3rd Aug.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
TALMA	10,000	10th Aug.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
TAKADA	8,049	27th Aug.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
SANTHA	7,754	5th Sept.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta
TILAWA	10,006	11th Sept.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (South)

TANEA	0,956	27th Aug.	Manila, Kolambagan, Sandakan
ST. ALBANS	4,600	1st Oct.	Thursday Island, Townsville
ARAFURA	0,000	1st Oct.	Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.

The E. & A. S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hilo, Cebu
Kolumbaguan, Tawao, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as inducement
offers.

The P. & O. S. S. Co., Ltd. steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hongkong, Cebu, Manila, Java, Sumatra, and other ports en route as indicated on the shipping schedule.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN

SHIRALA	7,841	15th	July	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
TALMA	10,000	20th	July	Moji & Kobe
MAEDONIA	11,088	22nd	July	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
NAGPORA	5,253	2nd	Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
TANDA	6,950	3rd	Aug.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
KALYAN	9,144	6th	Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
TAKADA	8,049	6th	Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
SANTHIA	7,754	15th	Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
MALWA	10,541	19th	Aug.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
TILAWA	10,006	20th	Aug.	Yokohama only
TALAMBA	8,018	3rd	Sept.	Shanghai and Kobe
KASHGAR	1,005	3rd	Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
ST. ALBANS	4,600	7th	Sept.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama
MORRA	10,552	16th	Sept.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
KHYBER	9,114	1st	Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
ARAFURA	8,600	5th	Oct.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama
MAHUA	10,552	16th	Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
KARNATA	8,128	29th	Oct.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe,
DEVANHA	8,155	30th	Oct.	Shanghai and Kobe
TANDA	6,956	2nd	Nov.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama
MAEDONIA	11,088	13th	Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
DELTA	8,807	27th	Nov.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
ST. ALBANS	4,600	7th	Dec.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama
MALWA	10,541	10th	Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
KALYAN	9,144	24th	Dec.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe
ARAFURA	8,600	4th	Jan.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY FITTED ON ALL STEAMERS.

* Passengers for Rangoon must defray their own Hotel expenses at Singapore while awaiting the on-coming steamer.

All cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge. Steamers on London and Australian Lines are fitted with Laundries. Parcels measuring not more than 2 1/2 ft. x 2 ft. x 1 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to Noon on the day previous to sailing.

For further information, Passage, Freight, Handbooks, etc., apply to:

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

P. & O. Building, Connaught Rd. C., HONGKONG. Agents.

Service to

SCANDINAVIA & NORTH EUROPE
The M.S. "MALAYA"

will be landing for Marseilles, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Copenhagen and other Scandinavian ports on or about 25th July.

Further sailings:— Expected or about Will leave homeward bound on or about.

M.S. "PERU" 28th July
S.S. "KIN" 2nd August
M.S. "DANMARK" 16th August
M.S. "ASIA" 10th September

Subject to change without notice.

For further particulars please apply to

JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.

Agents for:

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN.

MIND CONTROL.

LECTURE AT THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

"DISCIPLESHIP" POINTS.

At this week's public meeting of the Hongkong Lodge of The Theosophical Society, on Thursday, Mrs H. E. Lanepart gave an address on "Qualifications for Discipleship." His remarks, as summarised, were:—

Through repeated rebirth on earth Man learns to perform action not for his gratification, not for the sake of the fruit for the lower self, but because of duty, thus identifying himself with Law, thus consciously taking part in the great work of the world. But there is a stake beyond that, and that is when man performs action not only as a duty, but as a joyful giving of himself, of everything that he is and has—to the service of the Supreme.

It is then that it becomes possible for a man to break what are called the bonds of desire and in that way to liberate himself from compulsory rebirth.

Power to Attract and Bind.

For that which draws man to rebirth in this world is desire, and so long as he desires that which the earth or the joys of heaven—the subtler worlds—by their very nature transitory and fleeting as well—can give him, so long must he return for it. So long as a thing has power to attract it is a thing that has power also to bind.

Every attraction then binds the soul, and brings it back to the place where the desire may be accomplished, as Man is so divine in his nature, so God-like that even this outgoing energy of his that we speak of as desire, has in itself the power of accomplishment.

Liberation pure and simple, a selfish personal liberation which breaks indeed the bonds that bind man to the worlds of life and death, but which is careless of the fate of humanity as a whole, which helps not in any way, his struggling brethren, may fairly easily be gained.

Why Man Buies Himself.

It needs a recognition of the transitoriness of earthly things, of the worthlessness of the objects of ambition with which a worldly man naturally busies himself day by day. Indeed, many men have in the life no higher thought than such salvation of their own, petty souls, careless of others so that they themselves may escape. But after all, that liberation is only for a time, as all the divine possibilities that lie enwrapped in human consciousness have yet to be unfolded, and after an aeon, in a future cycle, such souls have to come back to take the right step towards what is the really divine destiny of man, the evolution of the human consciousness into the All-consciousness, for the good of the whole of Humanity, for the helping and guiding of the present and future worlds.

How to Choose the Path.

It is those wiser souls who would break the bonds of desire, not that they may escape the difficulties of earthly life, but in order that they may follow that higher and nobler path which is called the path of discipleship, follow the Great Ones who have made the pathway possible for humanity, follow the path of



Portrait of Miss Mura Shipoff, the charming girl, who will dance at Lee Garden to-night and to-morrow night.

discipleship, that razor edged path of quickened, conscious, unfolding of the divine powers within, that they in their turn may become the helpers and teachers and saviours of struggling humanity.

By the wisdom of the Great Ones there are definite qualifications demanded from the would-be disciples ere entrance to the Path may be gained, and one of these qualifications is control of mind.

The aspirant must be no more at the mercy of circumstances. He must be able amidst temptations and difficulties to choose his path by reason and judgment, he must be like a ship, controlled by a seaman who understands his duty, who utilises the currents and winds, to follow the course which he himself has firmly determined.

He must even go a step further than mere control of the lower nature by the higher, he must begin to realise and use the creative power of thought. He must have transcended the illusion of the mind being he, the man, he must realise himself as the creator who uses the mind as his instrument.

Control of Thought Needed.

He must no more be adrift in the thought currents of those around him, he must be able to think individually, deliberately, with a purpose behind. And such control of thought, this stopping of thought at will, is a necessary condition of discipleship, because when a man becomes a disciple it means rapid growth and increase of individuality so that he becomes able to accomplish in a few lives on earth what would otherwise have taken millennia to accomplish, and thus, before these added powers come, within his reach he has to learn to control his thoughts, to learn to check all that is evil in them, to learn to harbour nothing save that which is pure and beneficent and useful.

Make Mind Subject to Will.

It is true that the mind is restless, impetuous and strong, and hard to control, but it may be curbed by constant practice and indifference.

There is no other way than constant practice, and you yourself must do it, and until you begin to take it in hand no finding of the Teacher, the Master is possible for you.

And as you learn to train this restless mind of yours and make it subject to your will, by thinking definitely and consecutively on a chosen subject, by withholding from scattering your thought aimlessly and foolishly, you will then take another step—meditation—which is the deliberate and formal training of the mind in concentration and fixity of thought, reflecting daily on the perfect ideal of the Master, the Perfect Man.

It is then that the lower mind will become peaceful, sink into quietude, that the outside world will fade away from consciousness and that the deeper consciousness will shine from within, the true individual himself, realising and knowing what he is in truth.

The Perfect Character.

In time you will become able to make the higher consciousness permanent, and never leave the inner sanctuary, however much the outer life is busy in the world of men.

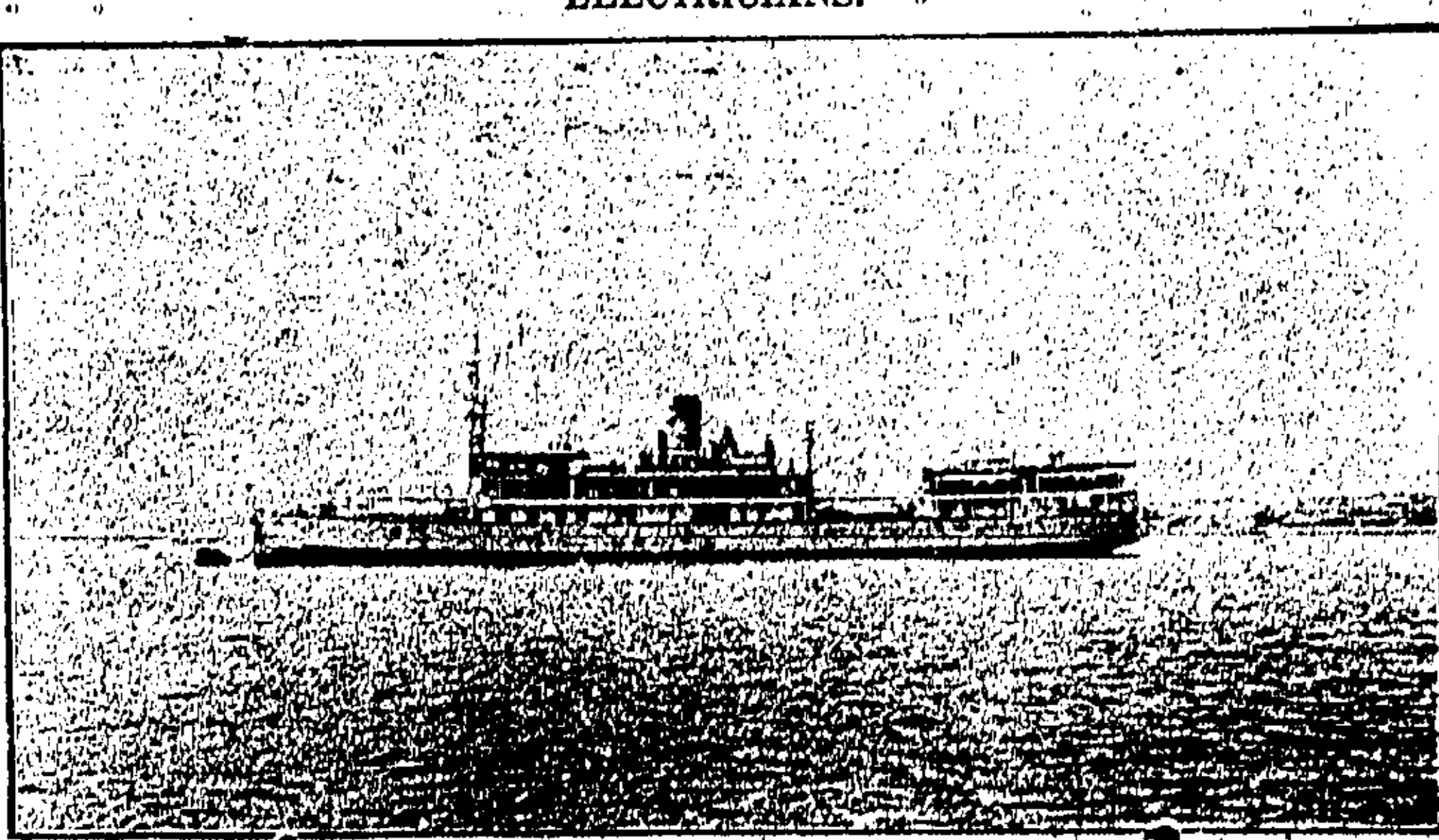
In this way the man is preparing himself for discipleship. And then comes the next stage, that of the gradual and conscious building of a perfect character, the outward manifestation of the divine properties within, and if you would follow the path thus outlined, if you would thus learn step by step the control of mind, meditation, building of character, there you would have spoken the threefold word which makes it possible for the Master, the Hidden Teacher, to reveal Himself and the portals of the Path will swing open before you.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.

Codes Used: A1, A.B.C. Fifth Edition; Engineering: First and Second Edition; Western Union and Watkins.

DOCK OWNERS, SHIP BUILDERS, MARINE AND LAND ENGINEERS, BOILER MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, FORGE MASTERS, ELECTRICIANS.



T. S. S. "SIANG WO"

Passenger & Cargo River Steamer, built and engined at Kowloon Dock, by the Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., to the order of the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., for service on the Middle Yangtze, Hankow - I-chang.

Please address enquiries to the Chief Manager:

R. M. DYER, B.Sc., M.I.N.A., Kowloon Dock, Hongkong.



SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.	
TAIYO MARU	Tuesday, 27th July, at Noon.
TENYO MARU	Monday, 9th August.
SOUTH AMERICA via Japan, Honolulu, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Mexico & Panama.	
RAKUYO MARU	Saturday, 17th July, at Noon.
GINYO MARU	Wednesday, 25th August.
MARSEILLES, LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore & Ports.	
KASHIMA MARU	Saturday, 17th July.
HAKONE MARU	Saturday, 31st July.
SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.	
AKI MARU	Wednesday, 21st July, at 11 a.m.
MISHIMA MARU	Wednesday, 18th August.
NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.	
CALCUTTA MARU	Friday, 6th August.
BUENOS AIRES via Singapore, Durban & Cape Town.	
HAKATA MARU	Friday, 6th August.
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE & COLOMBO.	
TAMBA MARU	Monday, 12th July.
TOTTORI MARU	Thursday, 25th July.
CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG & RANGOON.	
MALACCA MARU	Saturday, 10th July.
MORIOKA MARU	Thursday, 22nd July.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	
MISHIMA MARU	Saturday, 17th July.
SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	
FUSEIMI MARU	Monday, 12th July.
NAGANO MARU	Wednesday, 14th July.
CEYLON MARU	Wednesday, 21st July.
LIMA MARU	Wednesday, 21st July.

For further information apply to—NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Tel. Central Nos. 292 (Private exchanges to all departs.)

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

AMERICAN & ORIENTAL LINE SERVICE

(ANDREW WEIR & CO., LONDON).

BOSTON & NEW YORK.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

M.V. "WEIRBANK" via Suez Canal 30th July.

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

NEW YORK, BOSTON & BALTIMORE.

S.S. "CITY OF BEDFORD" via Suez Canal 30th July.

S.S. "MALVERNIAN" do. 13th August.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT.

"ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

MARSEILLES, LONDON, HAMBURG & HAVRE.

MARSEILLES, LONDON, HAVRE & HAMBURG.

S.S. "ROMEO" From Hongkong 23rd July.

FARES TO LONDON "A" 1st Class £88. 2nd Class £60.

"B" 1st Class £80. 2nd Class £55.

ORIENTAL-AFRICAN LINE.

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA.

STEAMER From HONGKONG JULY/AUGUST.

Loading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East London.

Algoa Bay, Port Elizabeth, Mossel Bay and Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, Ibo.

Port Amelia, Mozambique, Chinde, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombasa.

Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

AUSTRAL-EAST INDIES LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

Sailings from Singapore on 8th of every month by "CITY OF PALERMO" or "MALATIAN" to Java, Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney, and Vice Versa.

Through freight and passenger bookings from Hongkong in conjunction with "Ellerman" Line or other services.

FOR FREIGHT OR PASSAGE ON ANY OF THE ABOVE LINES.

APPLY TO:—

Tel. Cent. 4791. THE BANK LINE, LTD.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE.

(OCEAN S.S. CO., LTD. & CHINA-MUTUAL S.S. CO., LTD.)

AND

AMERICAN & MANCHURIAN LINE.

(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

S.S. "LAOMEDON" via Suez Canal 16th July.

S.S. "CITY OF BEDFORD" do. 30th July.

S.S. "MALVERNIAN" do. 13th August.

S.S. "DOLIU" do. 27th August.

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' Option.

Subject to change without notice.

For Freight and particulars apply to:—

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE or THE BANK LINE, LTD. Hongkong.

Hongkong & Canton: JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD., Canton.

LEE FONG

ARTISTIC PHOTOGRAPHERS.

No. 7, Wyndham Street

HONGKONG.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN

To Developing Amateurs Negatives

Printing and Enlarging.

Tel. No. 4023

Tel. No. 4023

You will arise refreshed, full of vigour and energy, if you make it a habit of taking

WATSON'S Effervescent LIVER SALT.

It acts gently on the liver, kidneys and bowels, and eliminates from the system all impurities. It relieves the congested condition arising from sedentary occupations, overwork, errors of diet, etc., etc.

Price \$1.25 per bottle.

SOLE AGENTS:

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

The Hongkong Dispensary.
ESTABLISHED 1841.

TO-NIGHT 9.15

OPEN AIR SHOWS

AT

LEE GARDEN

Seats—\$1.00 & 60 cts. Sailors and Soldiers in uniform 60 cts. to first class seats. Entire change of Programme nightly.

A. STERN

presents

MURA SHIPOFF ART BALLET CO.

with

KOKA SHIPOFF and M. Geo. SURMI.

famous cello soloist.

Orchestra from band of I.E. Surrey by kind permission of C.O. & Officers.

Prices include admission to whole of this mammoth Chinese amusement park and every sideshow. Come a little earlier and see the sights at no extra expense to you. (Causeway Bay tram pass entrance) Chinese dinners can be arranged for Europeans. Tables can be booked. Ring C2244.

WEATHER PERMITTING. PHONE C. 2244.

PRINCE'S CAFE

No. 11, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE

MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS

ONE DOLLAR FOR

TIFFIN or DINNER

SPECIAL MONTHLY TICKET

A Charge of \$20 For 30 MEALS.

CITY HALL

July 13th., 19th, and 21st

BRICK MORSE'S

CALIFORNIA COLLEGIANS

The
World's Greatest
College Entertainers

10 piece Jazz Orchestra
Male Chorus of 20 Voices
Instrumental and Vocal Solists
Snappy Novelty Acts—Clever Comedy Artists

Booking now open at Moutrie's
Prices \$3, \$2, and \$1.

CHY LOONG.

New Season. Preserved Ginger.

Best quality—Prompt attention to Exporters.

Office:—231, Queen's Road Central, 2nd floor. Tel. Central 2550.
Factory:—560-564, Canton Road, Yau-mat. Tel. K849.

MUSIC

MERCENARY MARY

AND

STUDENT PRINCE

AT

MOUTRIES

Chater Road

The China Mail

(Every evening except Sunday. Annual subscription, excluding postage abroad, H.K. \$36, payable in advance. Local delivery free.)

Overland China Mail

(The weekly edition of the "China Mail." Annual subscription, H.K. \$13 including postage \$15, payable in advance.)

Published by

The Newspaper Enterprise, Ltd.

Printers & Publishers

No. 5, WYNDHAM ST., HONGKONG

Telephone Central 22 & 4641.

Cable Address:—Mail, Hongkong.

All communications should be addressed to the Newspaper Enterprise, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

London Office:—The Far Eastern Advertising Agency (London), Ltd., 86-88, Southampton Street, Strand, W.C.2.

Hongkong, Saturday, July 10, 1926.

NEED OF REFORM.

Although the vacancy on the Legislative Council is only a temporary one, the period of service involved is an important one in that during it the Estimates for 1927 will come up for discussion and both prior to and at that discussion the member elected will be able to work for the inclusion in the coming year of works of reform which are badly needed. Most important of all such reforms, in that the need for it is pressing, is that for co-ordinating the work of public health in this Colony, and in this regard rumour has it that the Government contemplates carrying out certain reforms. It is certainly time that something was done and it is not on lack of evidence of the obsolescence of our health system or of the exposure of its lack of co-ordination by the local press and public spirited men that the Government can base any claim that a sufficiently strong case for reform has not been made out. Scarcely a town of any importance in England is there which has not its Board and Department of Health, yet this port, with its great shipping and vast trade interests, and its population of upwards of 1,000,000 people is controlled from a health point of view by a Sanitary Board which, in the words of the late Mr. P. H. Holyoak, is "almost medieval" in its powers and sphere of action in public health matters and must wait upon the will of some other department in connection with vital questions affecting public health instead of being in a position to demand and control. The Department has nobody to do its analytical and bacteriological work except that done by the Government bacteriologist who is heavily overworked even in normal times. As the only way to wipe out infectious diseases is to trace the source it is obvious that either the Sanitary Department should have its own laboratory and its own bacteriological staff with the Medical Officer of Health as its head or that a Board of Health with these facilities should be instituted entirely independent of the medical department and under a Commissioner of Public Health. Such a scheme as the

latter Dr. Koch has been an ardent supporter of and he has put forward practical proposals for its institution. Such a Board should also have complete analytical and bacteriological control of the water supply of the Colony, the necessity for which was amply demonstrated in the revelations made in connection with the outbreak of typhoid nearly two years ago. The water problem of the Colony has now become so large a one that it is obviously more desirable that water control should be entirely separated from the admittedly overloaded Public Works Department and that a separate water board be constituted with adequate analytical and bacteriological control provided. The health problem of the Colony is indeed one of the most pressing with which we are faced and if the successful contestant at the coming Council election succeeds in awakening the Government to this fact he will have amply justified his appointment and earned the gratitude of a long suffering public.

PURE FOOD.

SAMPLES ANALYSED LAST QUARTER.

ADULTERATED MILK.

The following return of samples examined under "The Sale of Food and Drugs Ordinance, 1896," for the quarter ended June 30, 1926, is published by the Government Analyst:

	Number of samples	Number found genuine	Number found adulterated
Milk (Fresh)	31	26	5
Tinned Milk	5	5	0
Skimmed Milk	1	1	0
Vinegar	12	12	0
Flour	6	6	0
Bread	7	7	0
Cheese	5	5	0
Butter	1	1	0
Tea	6	6	0
Lard	4	4	0
Coffee	6	6	0
Sugar	8	8	0
	92	87	5

BANK NOTES.

Returns of the average amount of Bank Notes in circulation and of specie in reserve in Hongkong, during the month ended June 30, 1926, as certified by the Managers of the respective Banks:

Bank	Average Amount, in Reserve	Specie
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	\$13,900,000	5,000,000
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	\$41,000,000	35,000,000
Merchants Bank of India, Limited	\$1,320,617	550,000
Total	\$56,220,617	40,550,000

In addition Sterling Securities deposited with the Crown Agents valued at \$1,287,100.
In addition Securities deposited with the Crown Agents and Straits Government valued at \$3,108,000.
In addition Securities deposited with the Crown Agents valued at \$380,000.

The wedding is announced of Arthur Ronald England, school-master, Victoria Institution, Kuala Lumpur, F.M.S., residing at No. 1, Secoy Road, Kuala Lumpur, and Bartava King, residing at No. 272, The Peak.

HOLIDAY TIME.

HEADMASTER SUGGESTS PART WORK.

D.B.S. FEATURES.

Report and Request to Parents and Guardians.

Extracts from the Diocesan Boys' School's current report to parents and guardians, from the Headmaster, are:—

The Headmaster asks you to see that your boy or ward does some work, Chinese and English, in the holidays and suggests one to four hours daily for five out of the eight weeks' holidays.

Boys are apt to get slack in the holidays and need the strictest of discipline.

A Second Language—It is important that all boys should know a second language, and a third language is always useful. All boys at this school should learn English and Chinese. Other useful languages are French, Latin and Japanese. If boys go abroad later to study or to travel, French and Latin are very useful; in the Far East, Japanese can also be learnt and be generally useful. These three languages must be learnt out of school hours; the holidays are a very good opportunity in which to learn these languages. If a boy is methodical he can soon learn the rudiments of a second or third language by doing one or two hours work a day; it is easy in Hongkong to get teachers in French and Japanese; with regard to Latin, teachers can always be found.

The parents and guardians of future scholars are advised to write and book places in advance. This helps in the administration of the school and also ensures that there will be no disappointments. Arrangements for the staff of the school for boarding accommodation and classes must be made in advance.

Next Term begins on Monday, September 13, at 9 a.m.

The New School—We have had a very successful opening term. Some parents and guardians were afraid that the boys would find it a long journey to the new school but their fears were neither justified nor justifiable.

We have had an excellent attendance ever since we came to the new buildings and there are now over 320 boys on the Register, of whom 70 are boarders.

Motor buses come right up to the site which is very accessible from all parts of Hongkong and Kowloon. Small boys can come in absolute safety. The boys, large and small, seem very happy in their new surroundings. After school all kinds of games are played. Cricket, football, kite-flying, general games, rounders, baseball, etc. A chess club is being formed and some boys are also taught how to play music on hand and tubular bells.

Walks and paper chases are held in the neighbouring country and launch picnics are arranged at intervals.

In September we will have two new hard tennis courts finished. We will also have regular drill and gymnastics.

Many boys are taking a great interest in gardening; some boys have a garden of their own and several have assisted in making gardens in the quadrangles; in one quadrangle we are forming a large rock garden with a large pool in which we will have goldfish, plants, etc.

Since we came to the new school the health of the staff and boarders has been excellent. There always seems to be a breeze, and, as we are 120 feet above the level of the road, we are in no way shut in and do not suffer from the dust and noise from traffic and other buildings; we are fortunate in having 23 acres or 1,000,000 square feet of our own land around the buildings.

The examination results in 1925 were really excellent.

The staff and scholars are very proud of their school's history, their new buildings and grounds—A high standard in real education and in general tone can only be attained if scholars have such pride, and it is for this reason that we urge parents and guardians to send their boys to us at a young age to our lowest classes and to keep them at one school rather than to move them from one school to another. If a boy does the latter such action results in a very nondescript education with no sound basis for life.

The headmaster and the staff ask for your zealous co-operation in the discipline, the character-training and the work of the school.

"Jazz is bandit music, bootleg music, and springs from the same spirit that is behind revolution."—John Roach Straton.

COLONY'S WATER.

LEVEL OF MOST RESERVOIRS DOWN.

KOWLOON STORAGE UP.

The water returns showing the level and storage of water in Hongkong reservoirs, on July 1, shows that the storage is less in every case except one than at the same time last year. Tytam being 42 ft. 11 in. below overflow as compared with level with overflow last year; Tytam Byewash being 25 ft. 5 in. below, as compared with level last year; Tytam Intermediate, the same (level); Tytam Tuk 27 ft. 9 in. below as compared with 16 ft. 3 in. last year; Wongneichung, 19 ft. 7 in. below as compared with 2 ft. 3 in. last year and Pokfulam 22 ft. 5 in. below as compared with 1 in. last year.

In Kowloon, the Shek Lai Pui reservoir shows an increase in supply over last year (it is 17 ft. 9 in. below overflow as compared with 23 ft. 7 in.) but the Kowloon Gravitation Reservoir is 5 ft. 6 in. below overflow as compared with 4 ft. 9 in. last year.

The total storage in Hongkong is 1,172.20 million gallons as compared with 1,745.82 last year.

In Kowloon the present storage is more than last year. (336.88 million gallons as compared with 223 last year.)

Consumption per head per day in Hongkong during June was 21.2 gallons as compared with 21.6 last year.

In Kowloon the consumption per head per day during June was 15.4 gallons as compared with 16.6 last year.

The rainfall to the 30th of June this year was 36.99 in. as compared with 46.87 last year.

In Hongkong there was an intermittent supply in all rider main districts west of Garden Road only from June 1 to June 12 inclusive 1925. There was an intermittent supply in all rider main districts from June 13 to June 17 inclusive and a constant supply in all rider main districts from June 18 to June 30 inclusive 1925.

In Kowloon there was a full supply in all districts during June 1925 and 1926.

The Government Analyst's report shows that the quality of the water is satisfactory.

SANITARY BOARD.

AGENDA FOR TUESDAY'S MEETING.

The agenda for the next meeting of the Sanitary Board on Tuesday, July 13, at 4.15 p.m. includes:—

Report of committee on village sanitation.

Long vacation leave for Mr. P. T. Lambie, Superintendent of Staff and Works, Senior Inspectors J. A. Lyon and A. K. Taylor and Inspectors Watson, Wood, Kerrison, Gregory and Hooper.

Report from the Government analyst on the Lai-chi-kok and Kowloon water supplies for the month of June, 1926.

Report from the Government bacteriologist on the Bowen Road, Albany, Eastern, Shauiwan and Chai Wan water supplies for the month of July, 1926.

Weekly Health Reports for the eastern ports from the Principal Civil Medical Officer.

Health Return from the League of Nations, Eastern Bureau.

Health return from neighbouring coast ports.

H.M. the King's exequatur empowering Mons. Dufauré de la Prade to act as Consul for France in Hongkong has received His Majesty's signature, states the "Gazette."

CASTLE PEAK.

PRIVATE ENTERPRISE LEADS WAY.

BATHERS' CAFETERIA.

A communal bathed has already been mooted for Castle Peak, the suggestion being that the provision of this might be part of the Government's contribution towards the "better bathing beach" movement which led to the institution of a special Committee.

In the meantime, private enterprise has been developing a scheme for the provision of a bathers' cafeteria where tea and light refreshments can be obtained and other conveniences be provided.

The lease of a house near the foreshore has been obtained for this purpose and on a stretch of the foreshore, also included in the lease, bathing huts are to be erected equipped with showers and cane furniture.

These conveniences for the use of the general public will meet a long felt need.

MR. W. G. GERRARD.

FULL APPOINTMENT AS AN A.S.P.

Mr. W. G. Gerrard has been officially appointed an Assistant Superintendent of Police, with effect from May 2, 1926.

This appointment by H.E. the Governor is announced in today's "Gazette," with the approval of the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Mr. Gerrard has been stationed in the New Territories, mostly at Tai-po. He was "acting" for some time and now succeeds to the full rank vacated by Mr. J. Kerr. He is best known to the public by his prowess at shotputting and lawn bowls, and in his former capacity as head of the Police Training School, during the War, the (volunteer) Police Reserve received instruction from him.

THE "NIGHT STAR."

PLACED ON RUN IN FEW DAYS?

The "Night Star," the sister ferry boat to the "Solar Star," has now been completed by the Kowloon Dock Company and was handed over by them to the ferry company yesterday.

It is not yet on the run but if the result of the usual trial trips are satisfactory it is expected that it will replace one of the smaller type in the next few days.

BRITAIN AND BELGIUM.

Convention Extended to This Colony.

His Excellency the Governor has been informed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies that the Convention made between the United Kingdom and Belgium respecting Legal Proceedings in Civil and Commercial Matters, and signed at London on June 21, 1922, has been extended to this Colony as from August 23, 1925, and to the Belgian Congo as from April 1, 1926.

The local authority to whom judicial and extra-judicial acts and "commissions rogatoires" should be transmitted is the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Hongkong and English is the language in which communications and translations should be made.



Here is a photo of the delivery of the certificate of title for the "President" Grant, by Mr. F. W. Relyea, District Director of the U.S. Shipping Board, to Mr. A. F. Haines, Vice-President of the Admiral Oriental Line, who become owners.

From left to right are Mr. Chas. E. Allen (District Counsel, U.S. Shipping Board), Mr. Robert Dollar, Mr. John L. Bekman (Assistant Manager, Operating Department, U.S. Shipping Board), Mr. A. F. Haines, Mr. Chas. A. Wallace (Counsel for the Admiral Oriental Line), Mr. F. W. Relyea (District Director, U.S. Shipping Board), and Mr. W. R. Fitch (Counsel for the U.S. Shipping Board).

LOUD WESTERNISM.

HAMPER SPIRITS OF TURKISH WOMEN.

"Styleless, cheap, ugly, loud Westernism" is already hampering the spirits of the emancipated Turkish women, according to Halide Edie, wife of Adnan Bey, one of the first Turkish women to take the B.A. degree at the American College in Constantinople, who is now visiting in England. In their new freedom she says the Turkish women have lost much of the charm associated with their old life.

"If the women's world of old lacked both passion and vehemence, it lacked also vulgarity and the realities of life which those women would have dismissed as 'empty fidget and ugly fuss,'" she said.

Halide Edie is an accomplished woman on personal and intellectual charm. Her husband was the representative of the Angora Government at Constantinople, or Istanbul, as she calls it, during the Allied occupation. She is a woman of strong character, who divorced her first husband, a distinguished mathematician, because he took a second wife.

Quotes Moslem saying.

In a delightful picture of the life of the unemancipated Turkish women she quoted the old Moslem saying and tradition, "Speak of the dead always with benevolence." She said she wished to emphasise the best in them. "For they are all dead and their greatest sin—which I believe to have been a certain lack of life—is buried with them." Yet, with almost a tone of regret she spoke of the charm of that old life.

"Their background was beyond criticism," she said. "There was unity of line and feeling of space in those days in all Turkish dwellings—homes, mosques, or gardens. Whether it was covered with brilliant silks or humble white cloth, each room had the same low, low, divan stretching from wall to wall. The window in each room would cover all that was not wall, and the lattices in the lower panes relieved the eye and shaded the too-gorgeous light."

"The women were most industrious, more so than the emancipated are. Their sewing was a thing of art, their dress—always the same—was a triumph of perfection, and their scent was the perfume of fresh clover fields. They were certainly very pleasant to look at and fascinating to listen to, not for what they said, but for the tone and the way they said it. They were not indeed as beautiful as the books described them; they were either hot-house creatures or bulky matrons. But their supreme beauties were fair voices and the language they spoke. Their Turkish was the most beautiful in the Turkish world. The lullabies, the stories and the songs sang may be found again, but they will never be rendered in the old way."

"They Could Flirt."

"The young women were always to be pitied. They neither spoke, smoked, drank, nor laughed before their elders. But, on the other hand, they could flirt, although even that was a tame sort of thing, its wildest limit being the exchange of letters written by the public letter-writers."

"Other interests the unemancipated had none. One might say that although none of them talked of Nationalism, they were the stronghold of all that was most national in Turkish life and art."

"The settings of all the emancipated women (I am only) are ugly. Our homes have neither the light nor the space and sweep of line of the old. We do not take our homes so seriously now. A great many of us have the amusements, the education, and the other chances of our men. We are not dull, we associate with our fellow-men. Dullness is not allowed any more."

Language Benty Lost.

"We have spoilt the beauty of our language as we have spoilt our furniture. The low tones are gone, and the pure Turkish of 1900 is twisted and nervous, too much alive to be harmonious. It has altogether a foreign touch. Our dresses, perfumers, and language have no longer the simple charm and purity which generations of native artists had evolved."

"If we confess to all the shortcomings, we may as well mention a few things which the unemancipated could not claim to. Most of us are working to win a livelihood, and as bread-winners in the community we have new, but nevertheless a real, conception of human dignity and freedom. And the most glaring contrast with the unemancipated is this; although we are such strong Nationalists, we are allied to a larger world. In our appearance, morals, virtues and sins we are no longer so individual or even national; we are international."

THE SURGEON'S HAND.

TAPERING FINGERS A MYTH.

A charming compliment has recently been paid to a noted surgeon: a bronze cast of his hand has been presented to the local medical institution, says a physician to the "Daily Mail."

The donor of the cast described it as "a remarkable hand, the hand of a man who worked." He added that it was short and broad and in this resembled the hand of a violinist, who is usually erroneously described by novelists as having long, tapering fingers.

What he said about the violinist applies equally well to the surgeon. I know of only one successful surgeon with long, slender, delicate hands; the majority have strong, rather thick hands which are excellently described as "the hands of a man who works."

Manipulative skill "is found among those who use their hands constantly for fine and difficult work, and have been in the habit of using them from youth. The fine movements of the hand are controlled by the wonderful arrangement of small muscles constituting the eminences on either side of the hand, in addition to the beautiful little interosseous and lumbrical muscles."

Is it surprising that the frequent use of these muscles results in the production of the strong, thickish hand seen daily by the student producing the perfect surgery, which characterises our great London teaching hospitals?

The long, narrow hand is much more characteristic of the physician than the surgeon. Possibly the common idea of the surgeon's hand is the result of the teaching of such old phrenologists as Lavater. In one of his volumes, published at Zurich in 1787, one finds the following comment: "Long and slender fingers hardly ever associate with a rude, gross mind. . . . shortening of the hands is the sign of stupidity approaching to brutality."

Stupidity approaching to brutality! How could such a man hope to flourish in the rarefied atmosphere of Harley Street?



Photo by Star Studio

Taken on board the "President Taft" on arrival in Hongkong on Thursday, this photo is of Mr. Ching Yim-chow, the celebrated Northern Chinese actor (who is the leading understudy of the famous Mei Lan-fang). Mr. Ching, like his great master, has a great reputation for the delicacy with which he acts female parts in the old style Chinese drama. The "season" begins at the Tai Ping theatre on Monday.

SUN'S PHASES.

Clear for July.

Sunrise and Sunset in Hongkong for July, 1926. (Standard Time of the 120th Meridian, East of Greenwich.)

Date.	Sunrise.	Sunset.
July 10	5.25	7.11
11	5.25	7.11
12	5.26	7.11
13	5.26	7.11
14	5.27	7.11
15	5.27	7.11
16	5.28	7.10
17	5.28	7.10
18	5.29	7.10
19	5.29	7.10
20	5.29	7.10
21	5.30	7.09
22	5.30	7.09
23	5.31	7.08
24	5.31	7.08
25	5.31	7.07
26	5.32	7.07
27	5.32	7.06
28	5.32	7.06
29	5.33	7.06
30	5.33	7.06
31	5.34	7.06

CIVIL SERVANTS IN INDIA.

BENGAL OFFICIAL REPLIES TO "MANCHESTER GUARDIAN."

London, July 24.—Mr. L. Birley, Chief Secretary of the Bengal Government, has sent a letter to the "Manchester Guardian," criticising the article published therein on May 1.

Mr. Birley writes: "Your article, while not expressly stating the opinion that British members in the public services of Bengal foment communal dissensions in order to prolong British rule, indicates the suspicion that they do. I desire most emphatically to deny this suggestion which casts a most unfair aspersion on the honesty of the dwindling number of British Magistrates and Police Officers, who, during the past two months in Calcutta and throughout Bengal, have strained every nerve to maintain peace between the two communities, and whose efforts have been highly appreciated by the people of Bengal (more highly than they appear to have been appreciated in their own country)."

In the existing conditions it necessarily falls to the lot of British officers in India to take many decisions which are unacceptable either to the Hindu or Mohammedan community. This fact, and the fact that the present dissensions are admittedly a hindrance to advance in self-government, are sufficient to account for the suggestions being made in India such as those to which you have referred. They have no foundation. They are not believed by those who put them forward and they do great injustice to those against whom they are made."

The Editor of the "Manchester Guardian," in a footnote, says: "What we said was that Indians quick to entertain such suspicion, but that, in so far as such temptation existed, it had so far on the whole been successfully resisted. Our purpose was to urge Indians to compose their own differences and not to expect the Civil Service to do it for them."—"Times of Ceylon."

MR. COOK'S "UNBALANCED TEMPERAMENT."

London, June 20.—An outspoken condemnation of Mr. A. J. Cook was made to-day by Mr. Thomas Spencer, Trustee of the Derbyshire Miners' Association, who threatened disciplinary measures on account of Mr. Cook's criticisms of the conduct of the leaders during the General Strike.

In the course of a speech at a garden fete at Horsley-in-Woodhouse Mr. Spencer said he was still of opinion that Mr. Cook's slogan "not a penny off the pay and not a minute on the day" was the product of an unbalanced temperament. His conduct was a menace to the best interests of the workers. "Some of our leaders," added Mr. Spencer, "are fighting for class without a thought for the nation at large. I hate to think the miners are being deliberately hoodwinked to save the wounded pride of their leader."

PRINCE'S NARROW ESCAPE.

ROYAL DRIVER'S PLUCKY RESOURCE.

London, June 21.—The Prince of Wales was involved in a motor mishap when personally driving a party of friends to Sandwich on Saturday which resulted in a marvellous escape from disaster. The car was approaching the bridge, near the village of Littlebourne, when both the near-side tyres burst. The car swerved alarmingly, but with great presence of mind the Prince, who was hatless, pulled up almost immediately.

Eye-witnesses state that the Prince jumped out, stood on the road and rolled up his sleeves, preparing to tackle the job of wheel-changing himself. He even got down on his hands and knees on the tarred road and smilingly declined all offers of assistance. But there was only one spare wheel, so the Prince leisurely walked to the village butcher's shop and 'phoned to Sandwich for another car. Subsequently he resumed his journey.—"Times of Ceylon."

OVERSEAS CHINESE ESTABLISH NEWS BUREAU IN PEKING.

For the purpose of protecting their own interests, the overseas Chinese merchants and others, especially those residing in the United States of America, have established an overseas bureau in Peking and Mr. Huang Pei-yao, an American-trained businessman and journalist, has been appointed its director.

The bureau is publishing a Chinese news service in the hope of working up Chinese public opinion to support the interests of overseas Chinese and it is hoped that before long the bureau will add an English language news service to its activities.

A BLACKSMITH'S FEATS.

THE STRONG MAN OF THE WEST.

One of the competitors in horse-shoeing at the Bath and West Show at Watford on May 28, was Mr. J. C. Price, of Gloucester, the "strong man of the west," who on Whit Monday broke all records by lifting 430lb. of iron from the ground to his knee.

He amused his blacksmith comrades before starting work on a cart horse by bending a 4in. nail double with his hands and holding a bar of horseshoe steel in his teeth, and taking an end in each hand, bending and twisting it into a loop.

Mr. Price, who is 43, has been a blacksmith for 30 years and has won more than 50 prizes for farriery, including three silver cups and several gold and other medals. He stands 5ft. 10in. bare-footed, weighs 16 stone, and has a chest measurement of 50 inches. He makes a fine figure at his anvil.

He won the first prize and gold medal in the open class for cart-horse shoeing.

KWANGTUNG RIVERS.

Waterlevels (In English Feet) at 8 a.m.	July 7	July 8
West River at Shiuhing	+ 35.5	Rising
North River at Tsingyuen	+ 8.3	Falling
North River at Samshui	+ 22.3	+ 22.6
East River at Sheklung	+ 1.6	+ 1.6

CHURCH NOTICES.

A CHARGE OF ONE DOLLAR IS MADE FOR ALL NOTICES UNDER THIS HEADING

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL, HONGKONG.

July 11th 1926.
6TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.
Holy Communion (8 a.m.)
Matins (11 a.m.)
Preacher: Rev. H. Copley Moyle.
Evangelist (6 p.m.)

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH.

Queen's Road East.
Minister:—Rev. Ernest A. Bastin.
12, Broadwood Road, Tel. C. 2370.

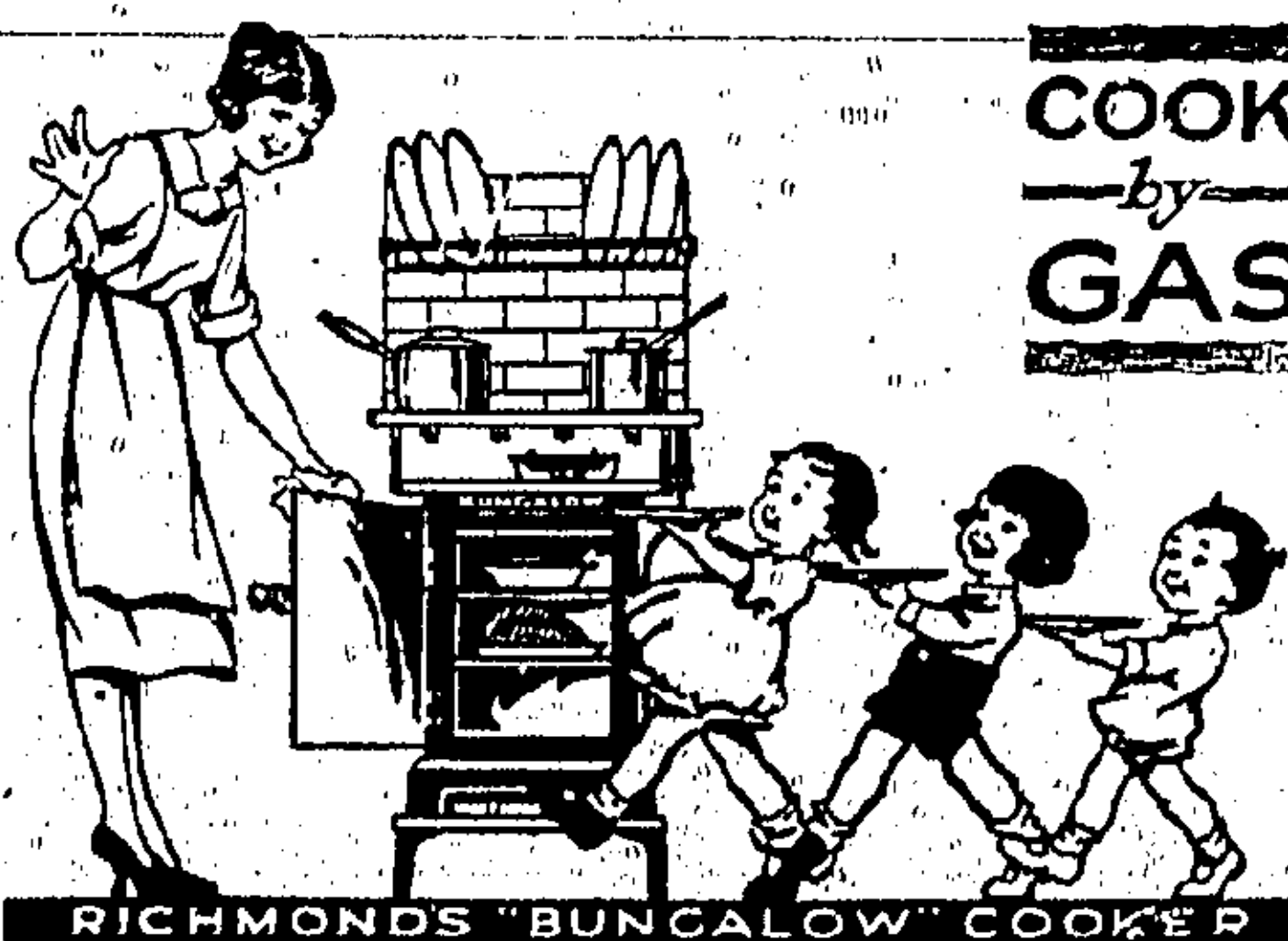
Services for
SUNDAY, July 11th.
10.15 a.m. Preacher: Rev. Ernest A. Bastin.
6 p.m. Preacher: Rev. C. A. Gaff.

8.15 p.m. Chaplain's Meeting and Social Hour, at the Sailors' and Soldiers' Home Arsenal Street.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST.

Macdonnell Road, below Bowen Road Tram Station.

Sunday Service 11.15 a.m.
Subject:—"Sacrament."
Wednesday Evening Meeting at 5.30 p.m.
Reading Room at above address, open
Tuesday and Friday 10 a.m. to 12 Noon.
Monday and Thursday 5 to 7 p.m.



If you want your Kitchen to be

Cool and Clean

and your expenses to be kept down.

SHOW ROOMS: 16, Des Voeux Road Central, Tel. C. 4704

West Point

Tel. C. 47

HONGKONG & CHINA GAS CO., LTD.

PASSENGER LIST.

DEPARTURES.

List of passengers departed from Hongkong for Manila per D. L. S.S. "President Taft", on July 9:—
Miss H. Averill, Mr. R. Brown, Mrs. A. Cresson, Major and Mrs. C. C. Cresson, Mrs. L. Haynor, Prof. B. H. Crocheron, Mr. M. Hanna, Mr. F. L. Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. C. Humphreys, Master H. Humphreys, Miss M. Humphreys, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Nutting, Mr. Tilla, Master Nutting, Miss Nutting, Mr. A. Fabella, Miss R. Uy, Miss V. Uy, Mrs. Keh Siu-eng, Mrs. M. Kearny, Master C. Kearny, Master C. Kearny, Mr. E. Lessner, Miss H. Lessner, Miss R. Lessner, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Lins, Mr. J. R. McMicking, Mr. G. Russell, Mr. J. Strouse, Mr. A. Wander, Mr. A. Engelbrechten, Mr. Kwan Kit-heung, Mr. H. B. Pedley, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Thrasher, Miss Yu Chuan-yi, Master Uy Ki-wai, Miss Lee Tian, Miss Nish Uy and Mr. E. W. Funke.

Shadows Before.

COMING EVENTS ANNOUNCED IN THE "MAIL"

Entertainments.

July 10—Queen's Theatre: "Kiss Me Again."
July 10—Star Theatre: "Coming Thro' the Rye."
July 10—World Theatre: "Fools First."
July 10—Open air show at Lee Garden, 9.15 p.m.
July 10—Civil Service Cricket Club's open-air concert at the Club's Ground, Happy Valley, 9 p.m.
July 10—Grand Opening Dinner Dances at the Cafe Restaurant Parisien, opposite Hongkong Hotel main entrance, Pedder Street, 8 p.m.
July 12—Ching Yim-chow, leading protégé of Mei Lan-fang, will appear before local audiences at the Tai Ping Theatre.
July 13, 19, 21—Brick Morse's California Collegians, the World's Greatest College Entertainers will appear at the City Hall.
August 6—Band night at Volunteer Headquarters, 9 p.m.
Sports:
July 10—St. John Ambulance Brigade will give a life-saving demonstration at Stonecutter's bathing beach, from 3.30 to 4.30 p.m.
July 10—Chinese girls will compete in volleyball match at the Chinese Y.M.C.A., Bridges Street, at 4.30 p.m.
July 10—Motor Cycle Gymkhana at Sookumpoo Football ground, at 2.45 p.m.

Auction.
July 15—Valuable, leasehold properties at No. 15 and 16 Mui Pong St. will be sold by Mr. A. G. de Rocha, auctioneer, at 3 p.m.
Meetings.
July 10—Meeting of creditors of the Hing Wah Paste Mfg. Co., at the offices of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes & Master, Prince Building, Ice House Street, 2 p.m.
July 20—Third annual meeting of the Hongkong Taxicab Co., 35 Des Voeux Road, Central, noon.
July 22—Twenty-ninth annual meeting of the China Provident Loan & Mortgage Co., Ltd., St. George's Building, 11.30 a.m.
August 4—Meeting of creditors of the Oriental Commercial Bank, Ltd., at 25, Des Voeux Road, Central, 2 p.m.
August 9—General meeting of Luen Mow S.S. Co., Ltd., 65, Connaught Road, Central, 2 p.m.

NEW STOCK OF

UKULELES,

BANJUKES,

STRINGS,

PICKS,

CAPO D'ASTR'S,

CASES.

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

Ice House St.

Tel. C. 1322

HARVEY'S

ROYAL TAWNY PORT.

SOLE AGENTS:—

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong.

15, Queen's Road Central. Tel. 75 Central.

THE QUEEN'S MOTOR BOAT CO., LTD.

Queen's Statue Pier.

MOTOR BOATS FOR HIRE

DAY and NIGHT

MODERATE CHARGES

Office:—64, Connaught Road C., 1st floor.

Tel. C. 459.

JUST ARRIVED

ELBSCHLOSS BEER

Sole Agents:

THE WING ON CO., LTD.

Hongkong.



"King George IV"

TOP NOTCH

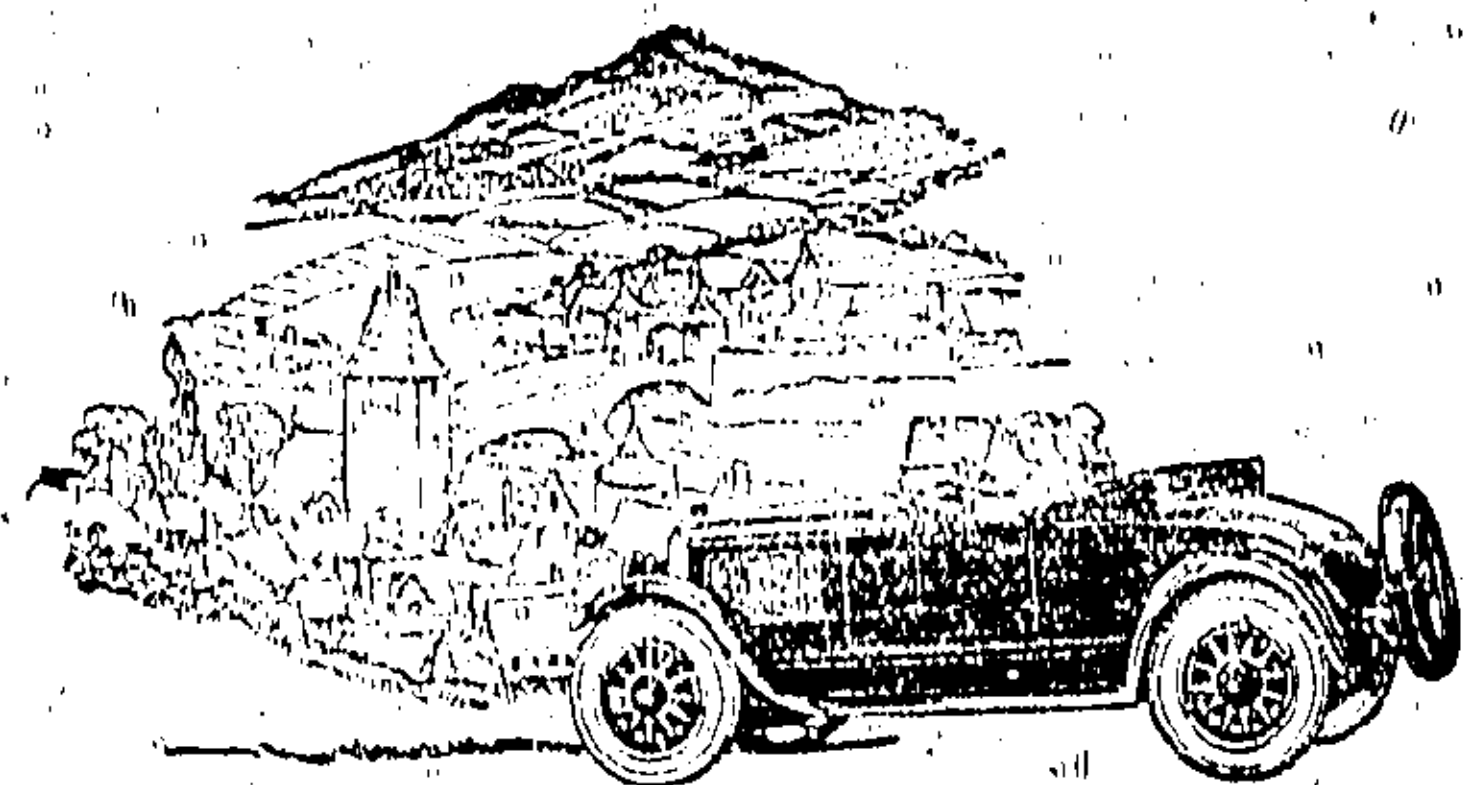
Scotch Whisky

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.

WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS

Tel. C. 135. St. George's Building, Ice House Street.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.



Buicks last longer

—registrations prove it
In the United States, to-day, there are more Buicks registered than any other cars except two very low priced ones.

Buick leadership in registrations among all other motor cars means extra miles to be run by old Buicks, loyal service from cars that would not be giving at all if they were not Buicks, but as only Buick builds Buick engineering has given long life to Buick cars by thinking always of superior strong hand fitting it in every Buick part. And then, by protecting that strength with the famous "Sanded Uhas" and the "Triple Sanded Engine". All Buick operating parts are hardened from dirt and wear to insure longer life with less upkeep.

And every Buick has the long-lived Buick Valve-in-Head Engine, famous everywhere for power and performance, "proved superior in stamina by more than twenty one years of outstanding service."

HONGKONG & KOWLOON TAXICAB CO., LTD.
BUICK SHOW ROOMS.

*When Better Automobiles are Built - Buick Will Build Them

G. FALCONER & CO. (HONGKONG) LTD.

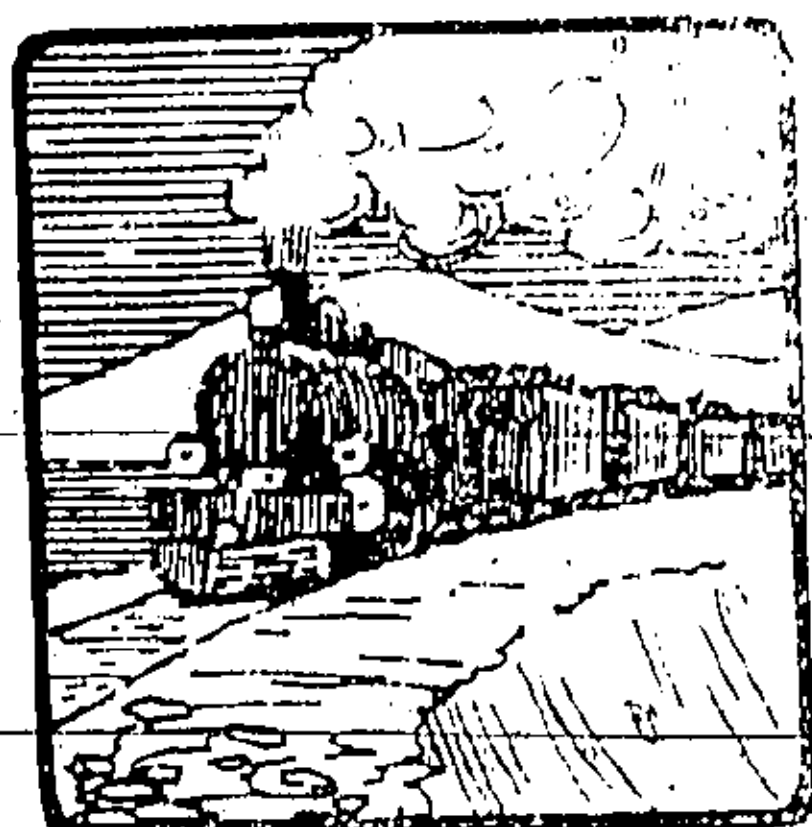
WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS
DIAMOND MERCHANTS
Union Building (Opposite G.P.O.)

Agents for:—ADMIRALTY CHARTS
ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,
High Class English Jewellery.

KAIPING COAL

FOR HOME, FACTORY & POWER HOUSE

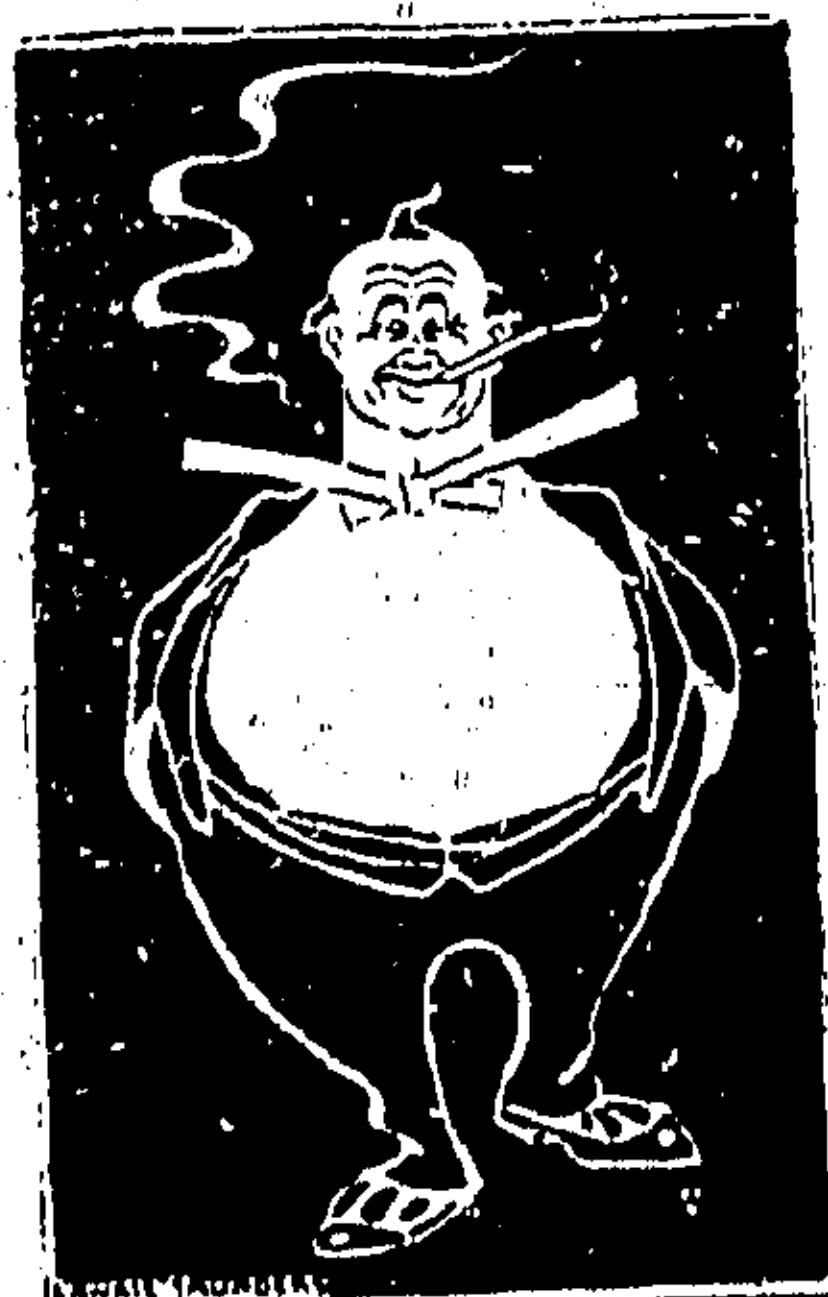
HOME,
FACTORY
AND
BUNKERS



POWER
HOUSE,
TUGS &
LOCOS.

For Price Apply to
THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION.
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hongkong.

ST. LAMOI PILSNER BEER



"The Best the Brewers Brew."

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE

By 31 votes to 30 Sheffield City decided against Sunday golf at the municipal course.

Japan's specie holdings at the end of May were close on ¥1,370,000, approximately. Compared with the end of January last, this shows a decrease of ¥31,000,000.

The Ceylon Government has sanctioned the use of a nine-cent stamp, in view of the recent reduction in postage between Ceylon and other parts of the Empire. It will probably be three or four months before these stamps are available for issue as they have to be printed in England.

Mr. Winston Churchill, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, has received from a Birmingham resident a "Birmingham" of the value of £15,000 for cancellation. Mr. Churchill expresses his and the Government's thanks for this gift and their appreciation of the donor's generosity and patriotism.

Vernacular papers fear that there will be a delay in opening Mount Fuji to climbers this year, owing to a heavy snow-storm on the top of the mountain. It is estimated that there is more than ten feet of snow at the top, which will probably mean that the opening, which usually takes place about July 10, will be deferred to about ten days. The first survey of the mountain was made last week by the army survey corps. Though the top was reached, the surveyors were obliged to descend because of storms.

Berlin, June 21.—The annual report on the economic year ending May 31, published by the reparation agent is written in an optimistic vein and declares that "throughout the entire period, Germany remained financially sound and a slight tendency toward actual recovery is now beginning to make itself felt," and that "the Reichsbank has consolidated its position and the stability of the German currency stands fully assured. In all its financial transactions, its policy has been carried out actively and normally."

Monday (July 12) is the 1st day of Muharram. The Mohammedan New Year (anno hijra 1345) commences.

Two cases of enteric fever, both Chinese, were reported to the authorities during the 24 hours ended on Thursday.

The anniversary of the Restoration of the Republic of China falls on Monday but there will not be any local celebrations on any large scale.

Rome, July 4.—More than 10,000 persons are homeless on the island of Rhodes as a result of the earthquake on June 28 according to dispatches in local newspapers.

The ukulele is the most popular musical instrument on the market, and twice as many as six months ago are being sold in London to-day. Nearly all the "great music" publishers now include ukulele fingerings in their song albums and pieces of music.

New bills to be introduced in Singapore Council make it an offence not to obey traffic directional signs such as white lines, etc., and enlarge the sections of the Penal Code dealing with traffic in obscene publications and obtaining or dealing in minors for immoral purposes.

It is reported that the Hankow branch of the Bank of China secretly entered into a contract with the Kiangsi Provincial Bank whereby the former undertakes the mintage of silver dollars for the latter. News of the contract however leaked out, and on the 30th ult. the Bankers Association held a conference and decided on a protest to the Bank of China.

Statistics given in the Supplement to the F.M.S. Gazette relating to the Perak Administration for 1925 show some interesting comparisons: In 1876 the Revenue was \$273,043 compared with \$40,131,507 in 1925. Other comparisons are: Expenditure 1876 \$289,476; 1925 \$31,836,225. Imports 1876 \$831,375; 1925 \$49,726,467. Exports 1876 \$239,972; 1925 \$177,812,683. Duty in Tin 1876 nil; 1925 \$9,569,798. Land 1876 nil; 1925 \$1,993,410.

The annual sports of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation's London staff were held at the Bank's ground at New Beekham on Saturday, June 12. Mrs. A. H. Barlow, wife of the chief manager, distributed the prizes.

The police are investigating an outrage alleged to have been committed by a Chinese on the Hongkong Cenotaph. The flags were ripped from their staffs and a bowl maintained by the E.A.S.M.A. club was smashed. It is stated that the Chinese represented himself to be a Government employee, empowered to take the flags to be washed.

The importance of cleanliness, and the dangers of city dirt are being more and more appreciated by the Chinese, especially in Shanghai, where a number of very excellent orders on the subject have been issued by the authorities. A body, described by the vernacular papers as the Shanghai Chinese Amalgamated League of Navigation, has now applied to the Chinese Maritime Customs officials responsible, suggesting an increase of the water police force to patrol the Szechow River (presumably Szechow Creek) and ensure its being kept from filth and refuse. The association promises to co-operate to the best of its ability.

Vienna, May 27.—The "Reichspost" reports the sale of a well-preserved copy of the three-volume Gutenberg Bible, by the Benedictine Convent of Saint Paul in Carinthia, to an American dealer, for approximately \$44,117.—Exchange. Last February the Melk copy of the Gutenberg Bible—so-called from its having been preserved at Melk, in Austria, for 300 years—was sold to Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach, the Philadelphia bibliographer, for \$21,200. The sale, which lasted exactly five minutes, took place in New York, the Melk Bible having been sent there by Mr. Edward Goldston, of Bloomsbury, W.C., who was said to have paid more than \$10,000 for it. The Gutenberg Bible—claimed to be the first book printed in movable type—is one of the world's rarities, for there are only 18 complete copies of this 470-years-old work.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL NEWS.

Tokyo, June 22.—Mr. Casuarane, the Mexican Minister to Tokyo, left Yokohama this morning for home.

It is officially estimated that the net deficiency on Glasgow Corporation tramways for the year ended May 31 will be £150,000.

In Brighton Municipal Art Galleries an exhibition of the work of Liège engravers from the 16th century was opened on May 31.

A collection of 500 documents relating to the vicars-choral of York Minster, dating from medieval times, has been found in the minster library.

Tokyo, July 2.—The Dutch Minister left for the Kwangai District last night. He is leaving for home on furlough by the N.Y.K. steamer "Kashima Maru," which sails from Kobe on the 8th instant.

The Rev. Alexander Forbes Adam Mohr (74) of Newhall, Burton-on-Trent, late of the Presbyterian Church, Rangoon, left an estate (property valued for English grant) of the net value of £49,006.

Tokyo, July 21.—Mr. Kopp, the Soviet Ambassador to Japan, has informed the Foreign Office that he is proceeding to Moscow for two months' leave on about June 27. It is rumoured that M. Kopp will not return.

Madras, June 24.—The Governor of Madras, at a private dinner party at Government House, Ootacamund, announced the engagement of his younger daughter, the Hon. Cecely Goschen, to Captain Portal, his Aide-de-Camp.

The beautiful penmanship of Mr. Hsu Shih-ying, formerly Premier of the Chinese Republic, is famed from one end of China to another. Mr. Hsu, the "N.C. Daily News" understands, has arrived in Shanghai with the intention of settling there as a professional Chinese scroll and tablet writer.

Mr. Wilhelm Schaun-Lorst, manager of the Far East passenger service of the Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen, is now in Japan making arrangements for a round-the-world service as carried on before the war. He expected to leave for Vancouver on the Empress of Canada which sailed from Yokohama on July 7 and after a short stay on the American Continent will return to headquarters at Bremen.

Mr. J. Ambrose has been made managing director and Mr. J. Dolgrouckoff secretary of the Shanghai Horse Bazaar and Motor Co., Ltd.

Mr. E. A. Nottingham, publisher of the "Shanghai Times," and Mrs. Nottingham, left Shanghai on July 6 by the Shinyo Maru for a four months' holiday in Honolulu and America.

When the Governor of Burma opened the Rangoon Golf Club's new racecourse at Kyauksan, he described it as the finest in the East and one of the finest in the world.

H. E. the High Commissioner of the F.M.S. has been pleased to award the Colonial Auxiliary Forces' Long Service Medal to Lieutenant Acting Captain John Henry Harris of the S.S.V.R.

The late Mr. Robert Yeats, Cumberland House, Kensington, late of Messrs. Edward Boustead and Co., London, Singapore, and Penang, who died aged 69 on March 20, left £77,300 (net personalty £50,148.)

The Hon. Mr. J. H. M. Robson, who has received the C.B.E., was the founder and first editor of the "Malay Mail" in 1896, and has been prominently identified with public life in Selangor for over thirty years. He was appointed an unofficial member of the Federal Council on its formation in 1909.

The cruiser Durban, Captain J. C. Hamilton, is ordered to return to Devonport by October 25 next, in readiness to recommission on November 2. The Durban is serving on the China Station, and on June 4 was expected to complete refitting at Hongkong. Captain Hamilton completed two years' command of her on May 12, while the ship's company joined at Hongkong on February 14, 1924.

A popular though quiet wedding took place in Peking last week when Mr. E. J. Harris, local Division Manager for the Liggett and Myers Tobacco Company, was married to Miss Robin L. Smith, daughter of Mrs. Tracy F. Smith, of Parkersburg, West Virginia. Mr. Harris has been in China for about four years, during which time he had been stationed at Amoy, Canton, and Chinwangtao, as well as at Peking.

Paymaster Commander R. D. Paffard, O.B.E., lately in financial charge of the cruiser Carlisle, China Station, has been appointed secretary to Rear-Admiral H. W. Bowring, D.S.O., who has assumed command on the Coast of Scotland. Rosyth.

London, June 21.—The Afghan Minister has sent a cheque for £150 to the fund for the erection and endowment of a Shakespeare Memorial Theatre, with a message from the Amir of Afghanistan expressing sincere wishes for the new theatre "to the memory of the greatest English poet whose rich literature is read and loved by all throughout the world."

London, June 21.—Lord Halifax, interviewed, said he hoped to leave for India to visit Lord Irwin in November or December. "I am 97 and it is quite possible that, unless I go out to my son, I may never see him again. It is best to realise that I am 97. It is because of that I have not yet made definite arrangements." Lord Halifax has not been in India previously, though he has travelled much.

Captain G. Clarke of the Shanghai Municipal Police who has been spending a holiday in Tsingtao for the first time, returned to Shanghai on Sunday, states the "Tsingtao Times" of June 3. Captain Clarke has been for many years a police officer in the Punjab and came here somewhat run down and suffering from sciatica. Sea bathing every day whilst in this port effected a remarkable easement in this case, and it is to be hoped that Captain Clarke may manage to return here later in the season to complete his cure.

Kobe, July 1.—Miss Cozad, who has been in Japan since 1888 as a teacher to Japanese school girls, will leave for America in a few days, and does not expect to return. Miss Cozad has been connected with the Kobe Woman's Evangelistic School for the last thirty years and the pupils of this school took the opportunity of presenting her with a present in commemoration of her long service, at the graduation ceremony held on the 22nd ult. There were three graduates from the Evangelistic Institution. A very interesting programme was arranged, the feature being an address by the Rev. Hiroshi Hatanaka of the Osaka Church.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.

BEST PORTLAND CEMENT

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers
HONGKONG.

THE MODERN LIGHT IS ELECTRIC



The healthiest,
most convenient
LIGHT
"ELECTRIC"

ELECTRICITY has created the modern Art of Illumination. It offers you more light without glare as well as increasing your convenience and safety. ELECTRICITY, used with fittings and shades of modern design offers the greatest light-value obtainable and is adaptable to any purpose of use or beauty.

Use Electric Light in your porch, cellar, cupboards and on dark stairs, for your safety and comfort. It can be switched on or off in a moment from anywhere convenient.

THE CHINA LIGHT & POWER CO., (1918) LTD

Show Room, 62 Nathan Road, Kowloon.
Telephone No. K. 677.

SPECIAL HOSIERY WEEK

July 5th to 10th

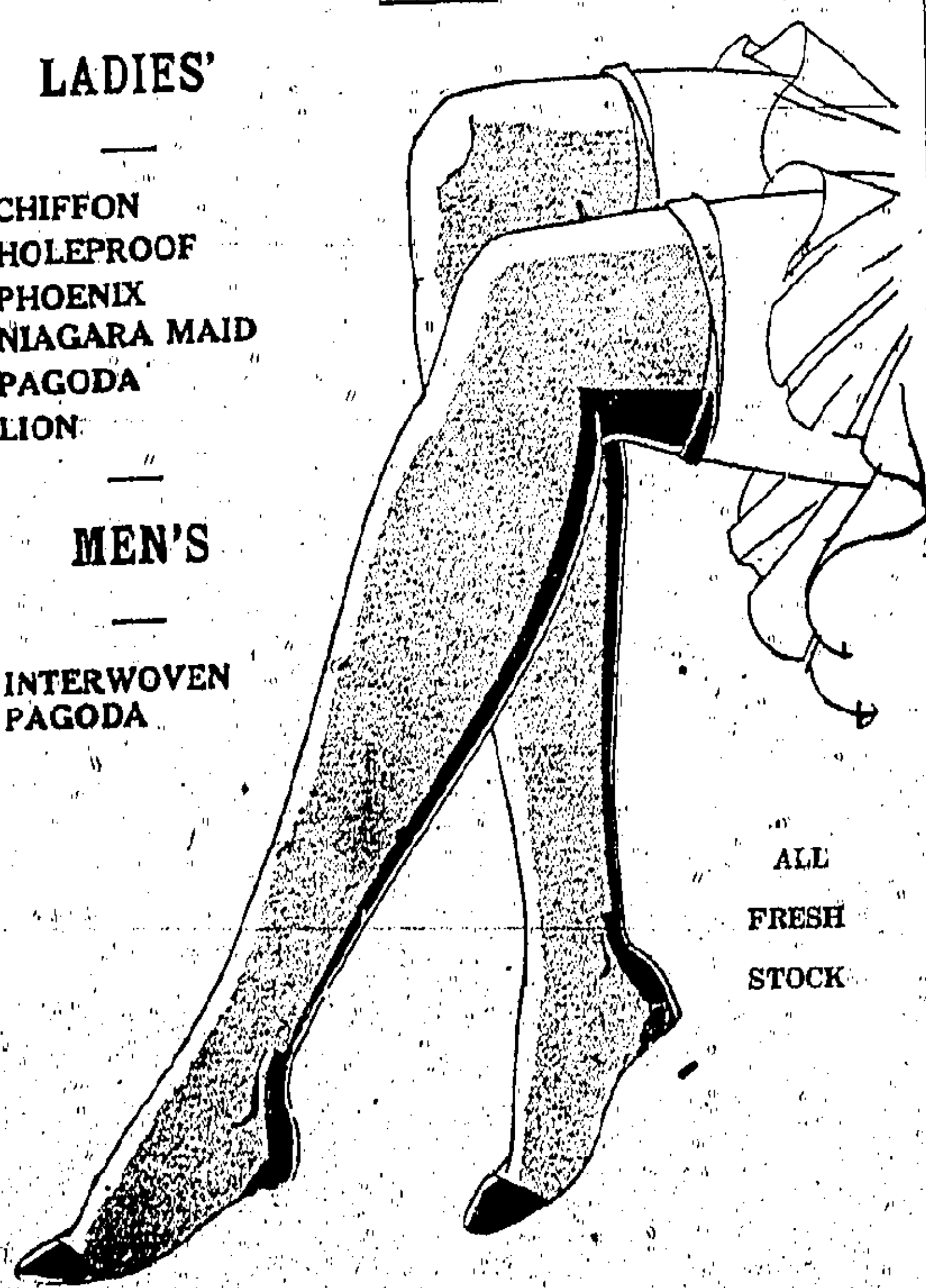
YOU CAN'T BEAT THESE PRICES
WHEN YOU LOOK AT THEM.

LADIES'

CHIFFON
HOLEPROOF
PHOENIX
NIAGARA MAID
PAGODA
LION

MEN'S

INTERWOVEN
PAGODA



ALL
FRESH
STOCK

D. CHELLARAM,
Right Opposite Queen's Theatre

SPORTS SECTION.

THIRD TEST.

AUSTRALIANS AT LEEDS
TO-DAY.

THE RIVAL TEAMS.

Leeds, Friday p.m.
There was a heavy downpour of rain shortly after 3 p.m. to-day, which ceased soon after 4 p.m. The ground on which the Third Test will be played to-morrow, is under water.—Reuter.

After the storm the pitch rapidly dried up and shows little signs of having suffered from the rain.—Reuter.

The first two Test matches at Home this season having ended as drawn games, the Third begins to-day at Leeds and will continue on Monday and Tuesday.

England's XI will be selected from the following fourteen:—
A. W. Carr (Nottingham), A. P. F. Chapman (Kent), Hobbs (Surrey), Sutcliffe (Yorkshire), Woolley, F. E. (Kent), Hendren (Middlesex), Tate (Sussex), Kilner, R. (Yorkshire), Root (Worcester), Larwood (Nottingham), Strudwick (Surrey), Macaulay (Yorkshire) and Parker (Gloucester).
Geary (Leicester).

It will be seen that Sandham (12th man) is not included but the names of three bowlers have been added. The final selection will depend on the state of the wicket. The dropping of a batsman (in Sandham) as "reserve" and the addition of three bowlers, seem to indicate that the selectors are satisfied with the batting display put up by England in the 2nd Test. The variety and extent of bowling, on the other hand, give the impression that our batting strength may be weakened so as to augment our attack, at the risk of a "tail" which the Australians do not appear to have.

Australia's full touring team of 16 comprises:—H. L. Collins (N.S.W.) captain, W. Bardsley (N.S.W.) vice-captain, W. H. Ponsford (Victoria), W. A. Oldfield (N.S.W.), J. M. Gregory (N.S.W.), J. M. Taylor (N.S.W.), C. E. Macgregory (N.S.W.), T. J. G. Andrews (N.S.W.), J. S. Ryder (Vic.), A. A. Mailey (N.S.W.), C. V. Grimmett (South Australia), H. L. Hendry (Vic.), A. J. Richardson (S.A.), W. M. Woodfull (Vic.), J. L. Ellis (Vic.) and S. Everett (N.S.W.).
Collins, Bardsley and Ryder act as the selection committee to pick the actual XI for the Tests. Collins has a bad shoulder and is unlikely to play. In that case, the leadership will devolve on Bardsley, who will be captain for the first time, and who did so well in the 2nd Test at Lord's.

The Australian team for the first two Tests was:—Collins, Bardsley, Oldfield (wicket-keeper), Gregory, Taylor, Macartney, Andrews, Ryder, Mailey, Richardson and Woodfull.
Hendry has been kept out of the field for some time by fever. In four Test matches in 1921 he scored a total of 32 runs and his 3 wickets cost 135 runs. In 1924-5, he played in the 1st Test in Australia.
Ponsford is on his first tour to England. Having done big things with the bat in Australia, he has disappointed in the old country.
Grimmett and Everett are the new bowlers. Grimmett, particularly, was expected to do well. Ellis is reserve wicket-keeper.

As Collins will be absent, another batsman may take his place, either Ponsford or Hendry, with the chances on the former. It is unlikely that there will be any radical change.

A local cricketer who has hitherto forecasted Test teams to a nicety, makes the following observations:—

With 14 men to choose from England may turn out a new attack, with Macaulay, Parker and Geary in place of Tate, Root and Larwood. Although Tate is the best bowler in the world, he has not done a great deal this season nor was he very conspicuous in the 2nd Test. Root and Larwood appear likely to go. In that case Geary may get one of the places; if it rained at all, Parker will be given the other but if it was fine, Macaulay may be preferred.

I don't think the other members of the England XI who constitute the batting strength, together with Strudwick (stumper) and Kilner (all-rounder) will be changed. In Collins' place, the Australians may play Grimmett, as they have many other good batsmen besides the captain. The selection of Grimmett would increase the number of bowlers and Australia may think this necessary after England's big score at Lord's.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LANCASHIRE SURPRISED BY
SOMERSET.

GENTS V. PLAYERS.

Three Counties Win By An
Innings.

The annual match at the Oval, Gentlemen v. Players, is decreasing in importance. With some of the best players engaged elsewhere (from both sides) the professional again scored a victory over the amateurs.

There is one surprise in the county championship results, Lancashire losing the lead to Somerset in a drawn match.

Glamorgan are checked—badly, too—in their winning sequence this year. Three counties won by an innings, namely, Kent, Yorkshire and Essex.

Players Beat Gentlemen.

At the Oval, the Players beat the Gentlemen by seven wickets. Scores:—

Gentlemen (1st) 185 runs. Geary (Leicester) took 5 wickets for 52 runs.
Players (1st) 264 runs. Hobbs (Surrey) made 70. Sandham (Surrey) 125. G. T. S. Stevens (Middlesex) took 5 for 62 and Captain Jameson 4 for 30.
Gentlemen (2nd) 219 runs. R. E. S. Wyatt (Warwick) made 55. Captain T. O. Jameson (Hants) 51. Parker (Gloucester) took 4 for 29.
Players (2nd) 141 runs for 7 wickets. Dipper (Gloucester) made 75 not out.

Lancashire v. Somerset.

At Manchester, Lancashire lost first innings points to Somerset in an uncompleted match. Scores:—
Lancashire (1st) 192 runs. Major J. Green made 50. Makepeace 66. J. C. White took 6 for 81.
Somerset (1st) 214 runs. M. D. Lyon made 83. Macdonald (the ex-Australian fast bowler) took 4 for 98.

Lancashire (2nd) 183 runs. Makepeace made 53. Macdonald 50.
Somerset (2nd) 54 runs for 7 wickets. Rain then fell and the match was abandoned at this stage.

Notts v. Leicester.

At Nottingham, Notts beat Leicestershire by four wickets. "After a big 2nd innings effort, Leicesters declared—and lost. Scores:—
Leicesters (1st) 172 runs. Berry made 53.
Notts (1st) 225 runs. Payton made 59.

Leicesters (2nd) 468 runs for 8 wickets. E. Hayes (the former Surrey player) made 99. Astill 168 not out. Shipman 51. Sidwell 51.

Notts (2nd) 419 runs for 6 wickets. Whysall made 109. A. W. Carr (the England captain) 64. Payton 85 not out. Staples 54 not out.

Kent v. Warwick.

At Tunbridge Wells, Kent beat Warwick by an innings and 17 runs. Scores:—

Warwick (1st) 246 runs. Parsons made 125. Bates 77. Harding took 6 for 32.

Kent (1st) 408 runs. Harding made 60. Seymour 92. Woolley (F. E.) 57, and J. A. Deed 52.

Warwick (2nd) 145 runs. Kilner (N.) made 55. Freeman (A.P.) took 4 for 54.

Yorkshire v. Sussex.

At Dewsbury, Yorkshire beat Sussex by an innings and 91 runs. Scores:—

Sussex (1st) 181 runs. Rhodes took 4 for 58.

Yorkshire (1st) 385 runs for 7 wickets. Rhodes, declared. Sutcliffe made 52. Rhodes 70. Oldroyd 135.

Sussex (2nd) 113 runs. Kilner (R.) took 5 for 35.

Glamorgan v. Essex.

At Cardiff, Glamorgan lost to Essex by an innings and 111 runs. Scores:—

Essex (1st) 429 runs. Cutmore made 86. Russell 79. Freeman (J.) 118. L. C. Eastman 54.

Glamorgan (1st) 164 runs. Bell made 72 not out. O'Connor took 6 for 53.

Glamorgan (2nd, followed-on) 154 runs. Bell made 53. Nicholls took 5 for 47.

The championship table now stands at:—

Gloucester...	16	...	3	...	8
Leicestershire	17	...	3	...	7
Warwickshire	16	...	0	...	7
Derbyshire...	12	...	1	...	4
Northants ...	12	...	1	...	8

IRREGULARITY.

CLUBS IN TENNIS LEAGUE,
PLEASE NOTE.

MUST SEND IN RESULTS.

(By W.P.C.)

My attention has been drawn to the fact that there is confusion in the Hongkong Lawn Tennis League simply because the secretaries of participating clubs do not conform to the requirements.

I have not a book of rules before me, but I remember that at a meeting of representatives, it was decided that secretaries must send in results, within a certain period, to the honorary secretary of the League. Fulfillment is most necessary if the hon. sec. is to keep track of the matches decided. On the ground that there is no official record other than published periodically in the Press, a wooden spoon club can, at the end of the season, claim that it finished at the top. Not that any club will do so, but if there is nothing to go by, what is there to prevent it?

Not Serious, But Irritating.

Why have a league at all if slackness is going to supervene?

If I remember rightly, the club playing at home (i.e., on its own courts) is responsible for sending in results to the hon. sec. Mr. G. W. Sewell. I am told that a good many have failed to do so while others have kept up to the scratch. This sort of slackness is not serious but it is irritating. Surely, competitive lawn tennis will never be conducted on the lines of, say, a football league, but if there are organisations who adopt the makee spirit, those who want accuracy will be moved to—and with proper cause—utter a complaint. After all, there is very little trouble in sending in the scores of a league tennis match to the hon. sec. Those who disagree with me will say that in any case the game is the thing and figures can go by the board. My reply to them is, why come to an understanding and enter a competition if one does not adopt the procedure deemed necessary?

Will secretaries of clubs in the league please note?

DAVIS CUP.

BRITAIN LEADS SPAIN,
TWO UP.

SEMI-FINAL ROUND.

Barcelona, July 9.

In the Davis Cup lawn tennis competition (semi-final of the European zone), the first singles match resulted:—

Gregory (Britain) beat Flaquer (Spain) 6-3, 6-0, 6-2.

Then Kingsley (Britain) beat Sindren (Spain) 7-5, 2-6, 7-5, 3-6, 6-3.—Reuter.

(Note: A "tie" comprises four singles and one doubles match, best out of the five to win.)

H.K.C.C. TENNIS.

HONG DOUBLES' FIRST RESULTS.

A start was made yesterday in the Hongkong C.C. lawn tennis "hong doubles," which is open to members. Four matches were played, resulting:—

1st round: W. A. Nowers and L. M. S. Lloyd (A.P.C.) rec. 1/6 beat H. R. Phelps and C. H. Bradley (Audit Office) rec. 15.1—8-6, 6-3.

1st round: A. W. Hayward and J. D. Humphreys rec. 2/6 beat C. L. Sandes and H. Graves (Mercantile Bank) rec. 3/6—6-4, 6-4.

2nd round: A. Breenley and J. A. Summers (Chartered Bank) ser. beat A. C. I. Bowker and A. D. Humphreys (Doddwell) rec. 2/6—6-3, 10-8.

2nd round: H. R. Forsyth and B. Crowley (B. & S.) rec. 15 beat J. S. Scott and R. H. Blake (B. & S.) rec. 15—6-4, 6-4.

C. V. Mack and A. K. Mackenzie (Holoak, Massey & Co.) rec. 3/6 received a "walk over" from Major W. Pratt and Major W. B. Stevenson (R.A.M.C.) owe 15.3 in the second round, and enter the third.

And off the Bund, reaching for miles landward to the borders of the eight-mile-square "settlement," wind and twist the vivid, teeming streets of one of the most extraordinary cities of the ages, having the atmosphere of every race and nation, the mingled populace of all the world. Commencing as streets of Europe—England, France, Germany and Russia—they merge almost imperceptibly into streets of the Orient. Little by little the character of the shops changes, European names are replaced by Chinese, the haberdashery of William Smith, Limited, is succeeded by the fruit shop of Yim Wung Hick and Company. Miles there are of such a kind, until one wonders, "where all the customers come from." And then, behold, all is changed again, and you are once more in Europe. Or, indeed, in America. The residential section of the international city has begun; and now, if perchance, you have come along Nanking Road until it develops into the euphoniously named Bubbling Well Road, you find yourself wondering at the beauty of broad American lawns.

IN SHANGHAI.

MOST COSMOPOLITAN OF ALL
THE CITIES.

The following is culled from the "Christian Science Monitor" of June 11:

The Bund in Shanghai! From your ship, which has anchored in the turbid, tawny-coloured river, you will come ashore in launch or sampan, be assisted to the landing-stage by a dozen eager coolies, and find yourself in such a place as your most vivid fancy has never pictured even in the dreams of the East, which you have, perhaps, cherished ever since geography days at school. Here before you is a great city, a European city, with its immense banks, commercial structures towering like the sky line of an American metropolis, numberless motors, tramcars, metallic streets, and Caucasian faces. Yet in such a blend of East and West as perhaps no other place reveals, here along the Bund on a spring afternoon there mingles with all this that is of Europe's seething life of the Orient; the ubiquitous ricksha men; the thousands of wharf coolies with their burdens and their strange sing-song chant not altogether lacking in a note of cheer; the low, pony-drawn carriages; the vendors of a hundred strange eatables; the rich and portly Chinese merchants in their private rickshas feigning a total lack of interest in the foreigner; the gorgeously silk-clad Eastern women in motorcars from London

Demopolis, Ala., May 31.—Aided by old papers which his father left him, Gayus Whitfield of Middleboro, Ky., to-day unearthed buried gold valued at more than \$200,000 on the Whitfield farm near here. The discovery of the treasure came as the result of a search which began on Saturday, May 22.

Directions for locating the gold were contained in papers left to his son by C. Boaz Whitfield, member of one of the oldest and most aristocratic families of Alabama and descendant of the pioneer general, Nathan Bryan Whitfield.

Cache Finally Located.

When Gayus Whitfield began his search 35 neighbours were employed to uncover an old boundary stake on the Shady Grove farm, 18 miles from Demopolis, near Jefferson. For a week the large force worked without results, put to-day a large cache of gold coins was discovered. They consisted of \$20 gold pieces, minted in 1860 and before, which were buried by the wealthy Boaz Whitfield during civil war days.

While the news of the discovery was confirmed to-night, the exact amount involved was not divulged. There are eight heirs who may put in claims for the gold, all of them daughters and sons of the four Whitfield brothers born



Beautiful floral tributes—many from residents and organisations in Hongkong and the Far East—were laid in Yardley Wood Churchyard, near Birmingham, on May 28, when the remains of Mr. P. H. Holyoak were interred. The headstone of Mr. Holyoak's resting place, in the middle top of this photo, is indicated by a cross.

and Paris; the astonishing tram-car which runs through the medium of overhead wires but without rails, tearing down upon one with startling unexpectedness; the tall, dignified and impressive Sikh guards of the International Settlement, bearded and in turbans of many hues, their very complacency revealing their high sense of responsibility; the Chinese police, not less tranquilly sensible of their importance; the occasional infantryman, sailor or marine, shot patrol from the vessels of all the powers which lie at anchor off the Bund; the vividly-clad lady of apan, pattering along in her wooden sandals; the mingled Caucasian faces of every Western nation, with a chattering in more tongues than were heard on the Tower of Babel, and through and over it all the elusive, magical atmosphere of China, the call of an exotic, Oriental land, the "spell of the East."

That, very sketchily, is the Bund, the riverside boulevard and promenade, broad, smooth, park-like and immaculately clean through the American and English sections, more confused in the French Concession, where the river freight boats tie up, and the coolies unload their varied contents into the great go-downs.

The discovery of the buried treasure, it is said, has resulted in much excitement among those living in the vicinity of the Whitfield farm—"Gregonian."

\$200,000 DUG UP ON FARM.

WAR-TIME CACHE DISCOVERED
IN ALABAMA.

Demopolis, Ala., May 31.—Aided by old papers which his father left him, Gayus Whitfield of Middleboro, Ky., to-day unearthed buried gold valued at more than \$200,000 on the Whitfield farm near here. The discovery of the treasure came as the result of a search which began on Saturday, May 22.

Directions for locating the gold were contained in papers left to his son by C. Boaz Whitfield, member of one of the oldest and most aristocratic families of Alabama and descendant of the pioneer general, Nathan Bryan Whitfield.

Cache Finally Located.

When Gayus Whitfield began his search 35 neighbours were employed to uncover an old boundary stake on the Shady Grove farm, 18 miles from Demopolis, near Jefferson. For a week the large force worked without results, put to-day a large cache of gold coins was discovered. They consisted of \$20 gold pieces, minted in 1860 and before, which were buried by the wealthy Boaz Whitfield during civil war days.

While the news of the discovery was confirmed to-night, the exact amount involved was not divulged. There are eight heirs who may put in claims for the gold, all of them daughters and sons of the four Whitfield brothers born

Demopolis, Ala., May 31.—Aided by old papers which his father left him, Gayus Whitfield of Middleboro, Ky., to-day unearthed buried gold valued at more than \$200,000 on the Whitfield farm near here. The discovery of the treasure came as the result of a search which began on Saturday, May 22.

Directions for locating the gold were contained in papers left to his son by C. Boaz Whitfield, member of one of the oldest and most aristocratic families of Alabama and descendant of the pioneer general, Nathan Bryan Whitfield.

Cache Finally Located.

When Gayus Whitfield began his search 35 neighbours were employed to uncover an old boundary stake on the Shady Grove farm, 18 miles from Demopolis, near Jefferson. For a week the large force worked without results, put to-day a large cache of gold coins was discovered. They consisted of \$20 gold pieces, minted in 1860 and before, which were buried by the wealthy Boaz Whitfield during civil war days.

While the news of the discovery was confirmed to-night, the exact amount involved was not divulged. There are eight heirs who may put in claims for the gold, all of them daughters and sons of the four Whitfield brothers born

Demopolis, Ala., May 31.—Aided by old papers which his father left him, Gayus Whitfield of Middleboro, Ky., to-day unearthed buried gold valued at more than \$200,000 on the Whitfield farm near here. The discovery of the treasure came as the result of a search which began on Saturday, May 22.

Directions for locating the gold were contained in papers left to his son by C. Boaz Whitfield, member of one of the oldest and most aristocratic families of Alabama and descendant of the pioneer general, Nathan Bryan Whitfield.

Cache Finally Located.

When Gayus Whitfield began his search 35 neighbours were employed to uncover an old boundary stake on the Shady Grove farm, 18 miles from Demopolis, near Jefferson. For a week the large force worked without results, put to-day a large cache of gold coins was discovered. They consisted of \$20 gold pieces, minted in 1860 and before, which were buried by the wealthy Boaz Whitfield during civil war days.

While the news of the discovery was confirmed to-night, the exact amount involved was not divulged. There are eight heirs who may put in claims for the gold, all of them daughters and sons of the four Whitfield brothers born

Demopolis, Ala., May 31.—Aided by old papers which his father left him, Gayus Whitfield of Middleboro, Ky., to-day unearthed buried gold valued at more than \$200,000 on the Whitfield farm near here. The discovery of the treasure came as the result of a search which began on Saturday, May 22.

Directions for locating the gold were contained in papers left to his son by C. Boaz Whitfield, member of one of the oldest and most aristocratic families of Alabama and descendant of the pioneer general, Nathan Bryan Whitfield.

Cache Finally Located.

When Gayus Whitfield began his search 35 neighbours were employed to uncover an old boundary stake on the Shady Grove farm, 18 miles from Demopolis, near Jefferson. For a week the large force worked without results, put to-day a large cache of gold coins was discovered. They consisted of \$20 gold pieces, minted in 1860 and before, which were buried by the wealthy Boaz Whitfield during civil war days.

While the news of the discovery was confirmed to-night, the exact amount involved was not divulged. There are eight heirs who may put in claims for the gold, all of them daughters and sons of the four Whitfield brothers born

Demopolis, Ala., May 31.—Aided by old papers which his father left him, Gayus Whitfield of Middleboro, Ky., to-day unearthed buried gold valued at more than \$200,000 on the Whitfield farm near here. The discovery of the treasure came as the result of a search which began on Saturday, May 22.

Directions for locating the gold were contained in papers left to his son by C. Boaz Whitfield, member of one of the oldest and most aristocratic families of Alabama and descendant of the pioneer general, Nathan Bryan Whitfield.

Cache Finally Located.

When Gayus Whitfield began his search 35 neighbours were employed to uncover an old boundary stake on the Shady Grove farm, 18 miles from Demopolis, near Jefferson. For a week the large force worked without results, put to-day a large cache of gold coins was discovered. They consisted of \$20 gold pieces, minted in 1860 and before, which were buried by the wealthy Boaz Whitfield during civil war days.

While the news of the discovery was confirmed to-night, the exact amount involved was not divulged. There are eight heirs who may put in claims for the gold, all of them daughters and sons of the four Whitfield brothers born

Demopolis, Ala., May 31.—Aided by old papers which his father left him, Gayus Whitfield of Middleboro, Ky., to-day unearthed buried gold valued at more than \$200,000 on the Whitfield farm near here. The discovery of the treasure came as the result of a search which began on Saturday, May 22.

Directions for locating the gold were contained in papers left to his son by C. Boaz Whitfield, member of one of the oldest and most aristocratic families of Alabama and descendant of the pioneer general, Nathan Bryan Whitfield.

Cache Finally Located.

When Gayus Whitfield began his search 35 neighbours were employed to uncover an old boundary stake on the Shady Grove farm, 18 miles from Demopolis, near Jefferson. For a week the large force worked without results, put to-day a large cache of gold coins was discovered. They consisted of \$20 gold pieces, minted in 1860 and before, which were buried by the wealthy Boaz Whitfield during civil war days.

While the news of the discovery was confirmed to-night, the exact amount involved was not divulged. There are eight heirs who may put in claims for the gold, all of them daughters and sons of the four Whitfield brothers born

Demopolis, Ala., May 31.—Aided by old papers which his father left him, Gayus Whitfield of Middleboro, Ky., to-day unearthed buried gold valued at more than \$200,000 on the Whitfield farm near here. The discovery of the treasure came as the result of a search which began on Saturday, May 22.

LOCAL SHARE MARKET.

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

HONGKONG, JULY 10, 1926, 10.30 a.m.

Names.	Hongkong Stock Exchange.	Hongkong Sharebrokers' Association.	Estate Brokers' Share & Real Society.
London	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Shanghai	75 7/8	75 7/8	nom.
Bank of China	1110 1/2	1110 b	1101 b
Chartered Bank	1132 1/2	—	1132 1/2 n
Mercantile Bank, A. & B.	120 1/2	120 n	—
O. Bank	130 1/2	130 n	—
Bank of East Asia	130 1/2	130 n	—
Marine Insurance.	130 1/2	130 b.	130 b
Canton Insurance	640 n	640 s	1640 s
China Underwriters	180 n	185 b	180 b
North China Insurance.	140 n	140 n	—
Union Insurance	283 b	283 b	\$285 s
Yangtze Insurance	37 1/2 b	40 b	—
Fire Insurance.	—	—	—
China Fire Insurance.	200 b.	200 b.	—
d.K. Fire Insurance	585 b	585 b.	585 b
Shipping.	—	—	—
Douglases	25 b.	25 b	24 1/2 b.
Hongkong Steamboats	26 1/2	26 1/2 b.	26 1/2 n.
S.K. Tugs & Lighters	24 n	24 n	24 n
Indo-Chinas (Pref.)	15 b	30 n.	20 n
do. (Def.) Ltd.	42 n.	40 n.	45 s.
do. () Hk	—	—	—
Oriental Navigation	07 1/2 n	02 1/2 b.	00 1/2 n
Shell Transport	66 1/2 n	66 1/2 b.	66 1/2 b.
Star Ferries	15 1/2 sa	15 b	15 s
Water-boats	—	—	—
Refineries.	—	—	—
China Sugars	24 1/2 b	25 b.	25 s
Malabon Sugars	34 n.	35 s	35 s
Mining.	—	—	—
Bonguets	1 1/2 n	—	—
Kanlan Mining Ad.	47 1/2	42 1/2 n	47 1/2 n
Laukats (Combined)	33 s.	34 n.	34 n
do. (Single)	12 1/2	12 n.	12 n
Shanghai Exploration	5 1/2	5 n.	5 n
Shanghai Low	7 n	6 1/2	7 n
Rauba	35 s	34 b.	4 1/2 b
Ironoh Mines	60 n	60 b.	—
Ural Caspian	8 1/2 n	—	—
Docks, Wharves	—	—	—
Godowns, &c.	—	—	—
H. K. & K. Wharves	\$121 1/2 b	122 s	\$121 1/2 b
H. K. & W. Docks	54 1/2 b.	54 1/2 b	54 b
Hongkew	170 b	170 b	170 b
New Engineering	534 b	534 b	534 b
Shanghai Docks	106 b 11 1/2 sa	105 b.	105 b
Lands, Hotels & Bldgs.	—	—	—
H.K. & S. Hotels (old)	10 95 b.	11 b	11 b.
do. (new)	—	—	—
Hongkong Lands	65 1/2 b	65 1/2 b.	65 1/2 b
H. K. Realty	5 90 b	6 s	6 s
H. K. Territorial	5 n	5 n.	5 s
Humphreys Estates	14 1/2 b	15 n.	14 1/2 b.
Princes Building	00 s.	90 s.	—
Rural Lands	1 1/2 b.	—	—
Cotton Mills.	—	—	—
Two Cottons	9 1/2 s	10 b	10 b.
orientals	270 s.	254 b.	254 b.
Shanghai Cottons (old)	51 b.	53 n.	53 n.
do. (new)	26 b.	27 n.	27 n.
Miscellaneous.	—	—	—
Canton Ices	37 1/2 n.	\$6 s.	\$ 7 n
aments (comb.)	14 n.	14 1/2 n.	13 s
do. (old)	13 n.	13 n.	11 s
do. (new)	3 n.	2 1/2 n.	2 b.
China Buses	10 1/2 b.	—	—
China Lights (comb.)	21 1/2 n.	21 1/2 n.	21 1/2 s
do. (old)	15 1/2 n.	15 1/2 n.	15 1/2 s
do. (new)	12 n	12 1/2 n.	12 1/2 s
China Prov. (comb.)	—	—	—
do. (old)	6 05 b	5 90 sa	6 r5 s
do. (new)	—	—	—
Dairy Farms	17 sa	16 1/2 sa.	17 s.
W. A. Wang (full pd.)	6 s.	8 s.	—
do. (part pd.)	—	—	—
Hongkong Amusements	11 1/2 n.	11 1/2 b.	—
H. K. Constructions	24 n	3 s	3 1/2 s
Hongkong Electrics	68 n	67 b	67 1/2 b
H. K. Developments	15 n.	10 n.	10 s
H. K. Ropes (comb.)	27 s.	27 s.	27 s
do. (old)	10 s.	10 n.	10 s
do. (new)	5 s.	5 s.	5 s
Hongkong Tramways	25 10 b	25 1/2 p	25 1/2 s
ane, Crawfords	9 n.	8 s	9 s
Macao Electrics	35 n	—	—
Sackintosh	19 1/2 n	—	—
Sanveng Tobaccoes	—	13 b.	—
pak Trams (old)	16 1/2 b.	17 1/2 b.	17 b.
do. (new)	7 40 n.	8 n.	7 1/2 s.
Incinerates	11 n.	10 n.	9 1/2 b.
Singapore Trams	11 b.	11 b.	—
axis	3 1/2 s	3 s.	2 1/2 r.
United Asbestos	20 n.	600 n.	—
do. (Founder)	—	18 n.	—
do. (Ordinary)	—	—	—
Zatsons (old)	13 n.	13 1/2 b	13 n
do. (new)	—	—	—
W. K. Powells	6 1/2 n	5 90 n.	5 b
H. K. Telephone	—	—	4 sa

GREAT SALE

Now On

BARGAINS

In Every Dept.

YEE SANG FAT CO.



"GOOD LUCK"

BRAND

NEW SEASON GINGER

Most reliable, good strong colour, mellow and well preserved.

The China Ginger Preserving Co., Ltd.
No. 16, Bonham Strand, East Telephone C. 989

Hongkong's Artistic Photographers

The

YING MING STUDIO

Queen's Road Central

(Official Photographers of the "China Mail.")

NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE, LTD.

GENERAL AND COMMERCIAL PRINTERS
AND BOOKBINDERSEvery description of Letter-
press Printing efficiently
executed with all prompt-
ness of despatch

ESTIMATES SUBMITTED FREE

5, WYNDHAM STREET.

TELEPHONE CENTRAL 22

People and Events in the News of the World



Bertha Petersen (19), student at Hunter College, New York, was awarded the Herman Ridder prize, the first since the war, for a recitation in German.



Secretary of State Kellogg, on the right, welcomed Crown Prince Gustavus Adolphus of Sweden on behalf of the American Government upon his arrival in Washington. With Kellogg is the Prince. At his side is Crown Princess Louise talking with Mrs. Kellogg.



The fury of a woman scorned was blamed for the shooting of Allen Davis, an actor, by his pretty bride, Edith Parker Davis, as the actress was placed on trial for assault upon recovery of Davis from his bullet wounds.



Adherents of Zaghlul Pasha won overwhelming victories in the general elections, giving him control of the new Egyptian Parliament.



Prince Carl Windisch Gyeto, Hungarian Prince, was sentenced to a year in prison and fined ten million crowns for his part in the counter-felting plot designed to overthrow the Hungarian Republic.



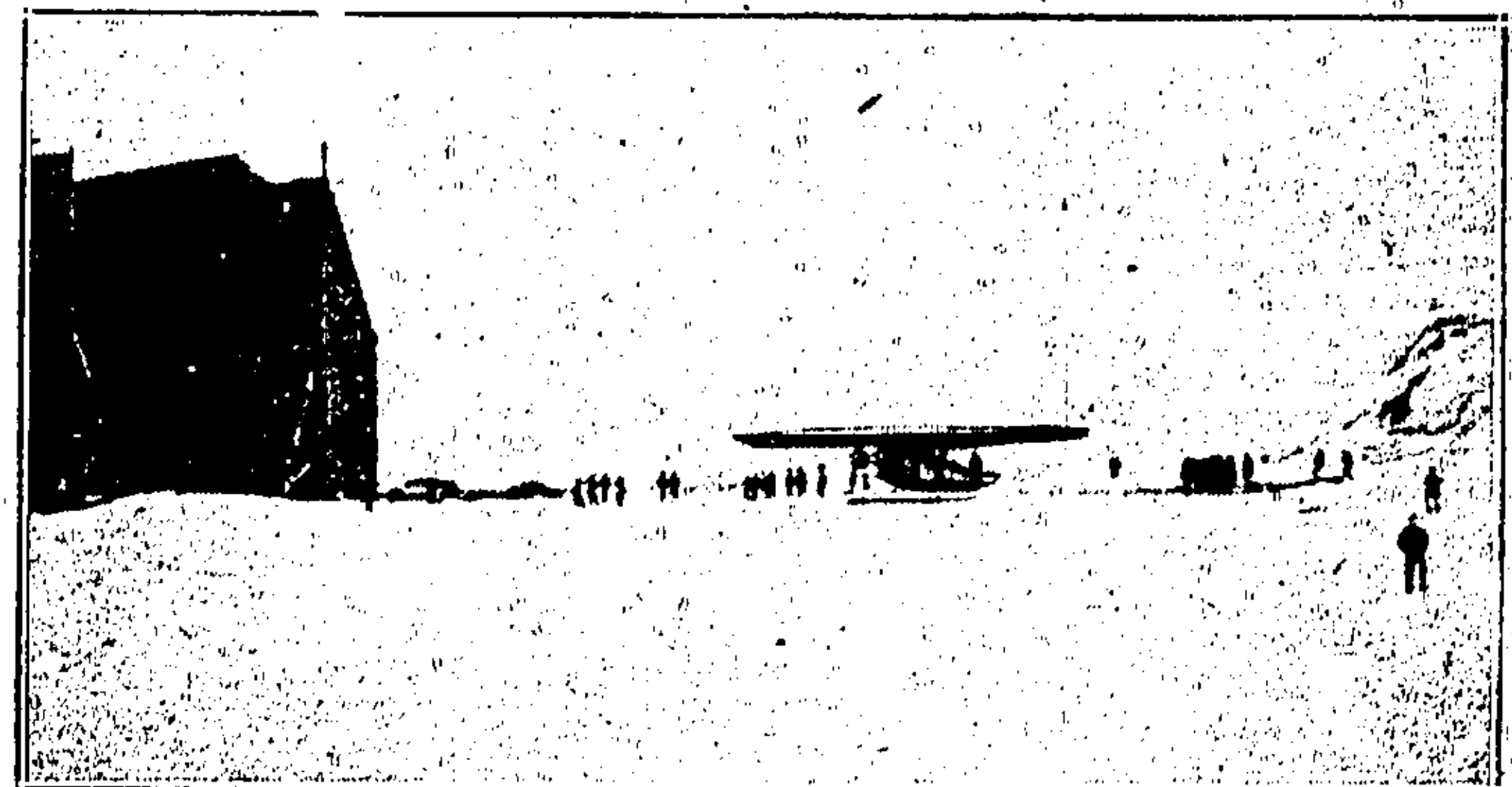
Mr. John S. Fisher won the Republican nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania.



Harry Acton was arrested at a New York Club, on a charge of being implicated in a huge fraud involving \$5,000,000.



Crown Prince Gustavus Adolphus, heir to the Swedish Throne, and the Crown Princess.



History was made when Commander R. E. Byrd landed at Spitzbergen after claiming to have circled over the North Pole in a plane for the first time. This exclusive picture shows his return. At the left is the hangar which housed Amundsen's Norge before its trip from Spitzbergen to Alaska.



BRINGING UP FATHER.

© 1926 BY INT'L FEATURE SERVICE, INC.

Great Britain rights reserved. 5-31



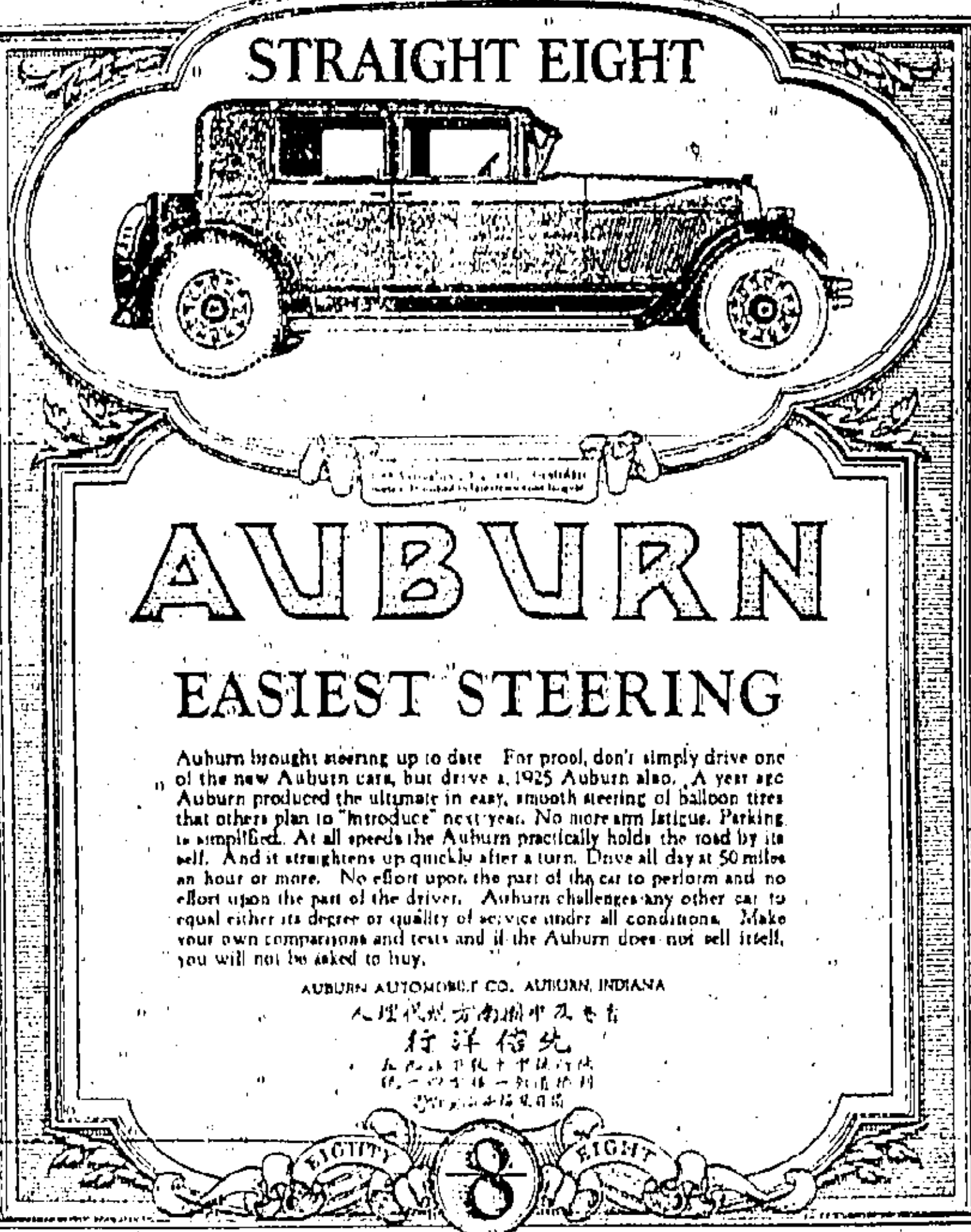
PALM BEACH SUITS.

There's no getting away from it—a Palm Beach Suit gives the utmost in Summer comfort. And here are such suits, just received from one of the best makers, at exceptional values.

COME AND INSPECT OUR STOCK.

THE SINCERE COMPANY, LIMITED.

PHONE NO. 2139.



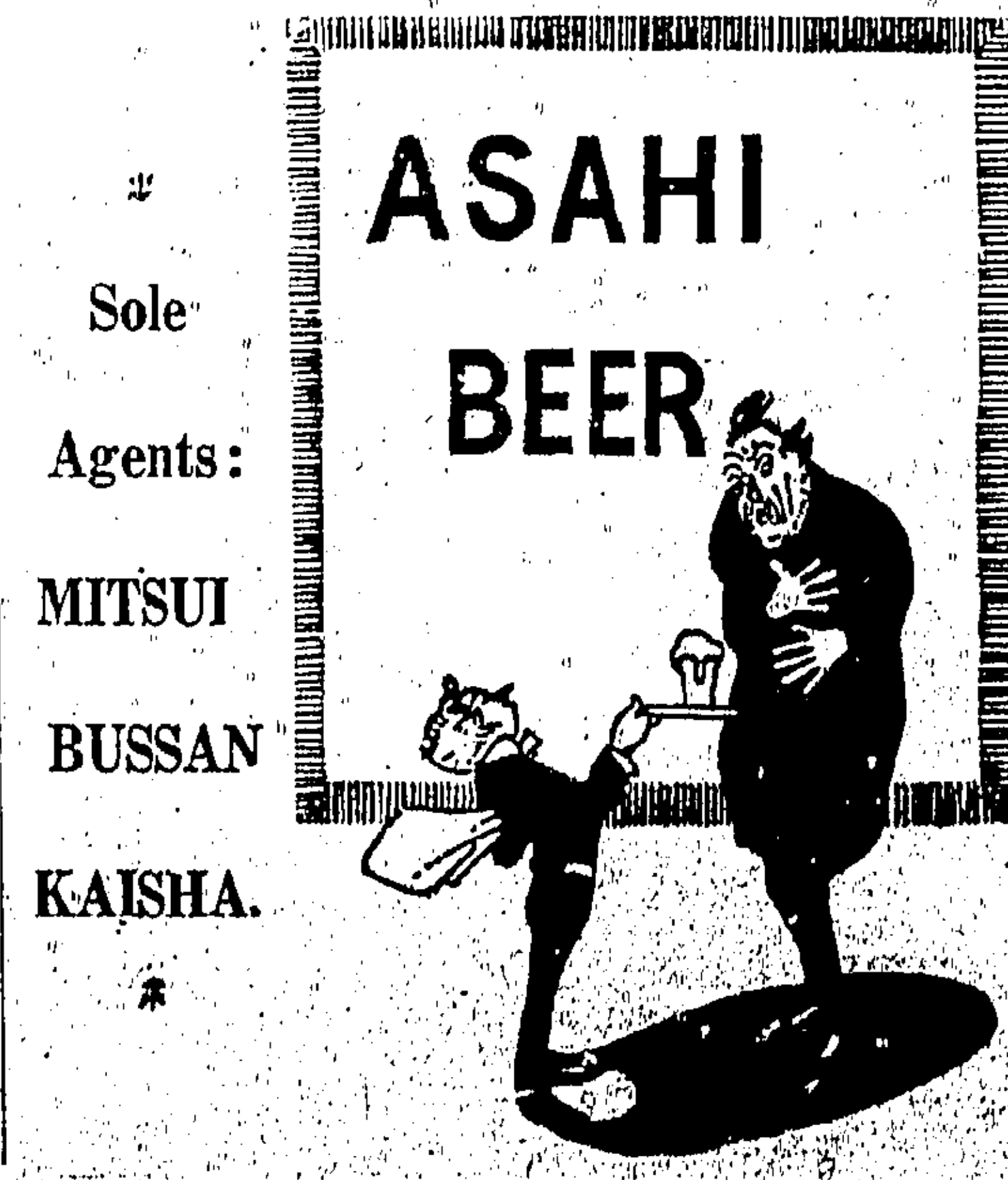
UNIVERSAL AUTO SUPPLY CO.

61, Des Voeux Road Central.

Tel. Central 4915.

THE KWONG HIP LUNG CO., LTD.

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDERS. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We own two slipways and can accommodate any craft of 200 feet long. Town Office: 64, Connaught Road Central, Hongkong. Tel. Central No. 458. Shipyard: Sham-Sui-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Tel. Kowloon No. 3. Estimates furnished on application. Hongkong, April 1, 1924.



Sole

Agents:

MITSUMI

BUSSAN

KAISHA.

CHANGE OF POLICY IN CHINA.

FACTORS DRIVING POWERS TO NEW ATTITUDE.

SALT, TARIFF, MALTREATMENT.

The following is the second instalment of an article, written by Mr. Rodney Gilbert, culled from the "N. C. Daily News":—

II

Not a Local Problem.

Peking, June 19.

This Salt situation moreover, cannot possibly remain a local problem because, to set it right, the Powers cannot simply come down upon General Chu with threats and a show of force and insist that he yield up the Chang-Lu salt revenues so that China's foreign obligations may be met while his superiors, allies, colleagues and rivals in other parts of China are permitted to remain in undisputed possession of similar revenues from similar sources which they have taken for years. Simply because he happens to be the last to appropriate salt funds to his own uses is no good reason why he alone should be penalised for it.

The writer is not apologist for Chu Yu-pu, but is simply pointing out what no one with a sense of justice can fail to see—namely that unless China is to be permitted to default in the near future upon such loans as the Crisp, Anglo-French and Hukwang, the whole international attitude towards the salt collectorate and the provincial chiefs who use it for their convenience will have to be radically revised and the immunity of the service from local interference insisted upon, not only in Tientsin, but in every salt district in the country. To try to bluff or worry Chu Yu-pu into the transfer of his receipts to the Peking collectorate, while shying away from the issue in Manchuria, Kuangtung, Yunnan, Kiangsu, Hpeh and Szechuan, would be a bit of timid pettifoggery unworthy of any Occidental Power. It would be as small and contemptible a performance as the recent tour of the big cities that could be safely and comfortably reached by rail and steamer by the Extraterritoriality Commissioners. After the airing that this Salt situation has had abroad the collapse of the service is one of these things that cannot be allowed to slide gracefully into oblivion. Something has to be done and something is going to be done and nothing will mend the situation but such action as will effect a complete and radical change of policy in China.

In Peking, as the writer has already said, we feel that this is coming, for more reasons than one. The fact that certain Legations have already tried to focus action in this Salt situation upon Tientsin and limit it to an exercise of a presbytery there, and have failed, is a hopeful development of the past few days which cannot yet be enlarged upon without violating confidences.

Extraterritoriality.

While we have been watching the Salt service tie itself into a Gordian knot with all due patience, other equally difficult situations have been arising. In spite of a determination on the part of the Powers to give China's aspiration for the abolition of extraterritoriality the most lenient and indulgent consideration possible, officials and people have made such an amazing show of their incapacity to give themselves peace, comfort or justice during the past six months that no Power could even consider an amendment to the present extraterritorial system unless it were prepared at the same time to order its nationals to leave the country. The treatment of missionaries in South China and of Russians in Manchuria have been sufficient in themselves to convince the most casual observer that, under Chinese jurisdiction, foreigners in this country would live always in the same state of abject terror and misery as the natives in so many parts of the country or, if they took care of themselves, would be reduced to the states of isolated outlaw communities, ever on the defensive against imposition and persecution, like the Red Spear communities in the bandit areas of Shantung and Honan.

The work of the Extraterritorial Commission is now virtually over and its report, or reports, will soon be submitted to the foreign Governments and not even a Chinese nationalist can be sufficiently blind to realities to believe that conditions in this country will be glossed over where even their Red Russian sympathisers are asking for the reinstatement of something like a Mixed Court in Manchuria and while no one of their own faction who can escape from Chinese jurisdiction and get into a concession is openly living in the territories controlled by an anti-Red nationalist.

The Tariff Commission.

Again it looks at this writing as though the Tariff Conference would close within a few days for the so-called summer recess without even putting into force the customs surtaxes provided for at Washington in 1922. Highly placed representatives of all the great Powers have spent just eight months in Peking, wasting time which would have been profitably used elsewhere, gaining the worst possible impressions of China under the most irritating circumstances. Their one outstanding impression undoubtedly is that China has amply demonstrated that she is not qualified to execute a treaty and will continue to be incapable of fulfilling any pledges which an administration in Peking might lightly make for a long time to come.

In 1922, at Washington, the Powers definitely promised the Government of China certain increases of revenue; but those increases can only be made available to the Government of China, which at the moment does not exist, while any new organisation which claims to be the Government of China will have to prove that it exercises real authority throughout the country before it can be trusted to sign an agreement which will impose new burdens upon the Chinese people. This is no quibble to get out of keeping a promise. The majority of the individual delegates in Peking are so sick of their experiences here and would be so delighted to get away quietly and without further friction that they would cheerfully toss the surtaxes into the laps of the militarists who now control Peking and sail for home while the high authorities were floating loans against the prospective revenue and squabbling over the spoils, if such an act would not involve a breach of trust and a gross imposition upon the Chinese people who would soon be paying indirectly for more soldiers, more wars, more pillage and rapine.

Whatever the inclinations of the others might be, however, the Japanese have been steadfastly opposed to any such evasion of big issues, opposed to bribing the Chinese to accept the failure of the conference without uproar by giving them the surtaxes. As interviews given out in Tokyo indicate, Japan either wants to go through with the conference, if it takes 10 years, until the Chinese are definitely pledged to the consolidation of the unsecured debt, the abolition of likin and the definition of reasonable conventional tariffs, or she wants this long session closed with such a frank statement of the insuperable obstacles to a tariff treaty of any sort that it will force the world to abandon pretence in relations with China and deal with her on a basis of realities. In view of the coincidence of other recent events it would surprise no one here to learn within the next few days that all the delegations had resorted to the latter course.

The Treatment of Missionaries.

The high-handed treatment of missionaries in South China is one of the coincident circumstances which is going to prompt a change of foreign policy in China, in the opinion of many competent observers here. The few noisy opportunists in every missionary body who saw in the blatant clamour of the Chinese radicals for their sovereign rights and their legitimate aspirations an opportunity to curry favour with the Chinese and protect missionary interests at the cost of all other foreign interests, have been discreetly silent for some time. The revulsion of feeling throughout China against Russian influence has discredited the persons with whom they were trying to ingratiate themselves and has reduced the sphere of Bolshevik influence to the areas governed by Canton.

The patient conciliation of Canton is no longer the concern of the missionary body, at large, but is

the particular business of a few institutions in the immediate vicinity of the city whose heads postpone the inevitable end by submitting meekly to all the contemptuous and humiliating terms imposed upon them by Borodin's agents. Wherever the missionaries in Kuangtung or Kuangsi attempt to maintain their self-respect or insist upon some semblance of their rights they are treated still more abominably and have, as we all know, been forced in some cases to abandon their churches, schools and hospitals while their converts have been subject to persecution.

It is amply evident to all nationalities now that Canton's attitude is not only anti-British but anti-foreign and it is at last plain to the vast majority of missionaries that in adopting the attitude towards foreigners which is evinced in their treatment of missionaries, the Cantonese are only putting into force their sovereign rights as Chinese at large interpret them.

One hears from all quarters that this realisation has brought about among missionaries a marked revision of feeling against the policy of patient conciliation. They are beginning at last to see that if the "legitimate aspirations" of the folk whom they have so lately been patting on the back were fulfilled the missionaries would be the first to suffer. Their converts would be abused, they themselves would be subject to every form of insult and persecution and, within a very short time, their schools and hospitals would serve as barracks for every irregular horde of armed ruffians that trooped through their communities, while horses and mules would be stable in their chapels.

Opinion in America. If no other country is affected by this change in missionary sentiment, America will be. What the missionaries find it politic to think about China is reflected by the whole church-going population of the country and is impressed most emphatically upon the Representatives in Congress in 90 out of every hundred congressional districts. If the missionaries want to be patient and conciliatory with a view to earning the good will of an anti-foreign rabble, America is flooded from end to end with sentimental slush about this country and, if the Legation Quarter were invaded and the American Minister ejected so that some colonel of tuff could occupy his quarters, American action would probably be confined to a pompous protest.

If the missionary cause is seriously threatened, however, matters go differently, for missionary opinion can move American gunboats and bring them into lively action when no other force can make them shift their moorings. A change in missionary attitude therefore means, in the first place, that the tide of unspeakable drool which has been going home for a year about China's rights and aspirations will be abruptly stemmed in both America and England, not to mention some of the continental countries. Then if conditions do not improve, it will not be long before it will be casually agreed in legislative circles in Washington that China is really in a pretty bad way; that the poor, unhappy Chinese people are suffering most unmercifully under their cruel, corrupt, irresponsible and voracious military tyrants and that it would be a genuinely altruistic thing for America to intervene and free a quarter of the world's population from such hideous slavery.

[To be continued.]

Fifteen to fifty is the age limit for ricksha pullers in Peking according to fresh regulations from the police authorities there. Protection to both the coolies and general traffic is aimed at in the ruling of the police, who fear the inexperience of the young boys in dodging traffic.



Photo by Lee Kung. Snapshot taken last week after R.E. the Governor (Sir Cecil Clementi) had opened the St. Stephen's College (new school building fund) bazaar, held at the University. Photo shows visitors (including some of the stalls then just shown open).

THE HONGKONG

HONGKONG HOTEL; REFUGEE BAY HOTEL; PEAK HOTEL.

Telegraphic Address: "KREMLIN, HONGKONG."

AND SHANGHAI

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL; PALACE HOTEL; KALEE HOTEL; MAJESTIC HOTEL.

Telegraphic Address: "CENTRAL, SHANGHAI."

HOTELS, LIMITED.

In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Lits, Peking.

Tel. Kowloon No. 1. PALACE HOTEL. Tel. Address "Palace."

(Three minutes from Kowloon Ferry Wharf & Railway Station)

Entirely under English Management. Electric Light & Fans Throughout.

Every Room with Private Bath.

Lounges, Bar & Billiard Rooms. Unrivalled Cuisine under the personal supervision of the Proprietor.

Terms moderate. Special terms to families on application to Mrs. J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietress.

ADELPHI HOTEL, SINGAPORE.

Remodelled and Redecorated.

THE RENDEZ-VOUS OF THE SMART SET

TEA DANCES

EVERY TUESDAY

DINNER DANCES

EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY

Specious Lounge Palm Court

Roof Garden—Cinema

THE ONLY HOTEL IN SINGAPORE

fitted Throughout with Modern Sanitation

ADELPHI HOTEL, LTD.,

HARRY H. WILLIES,

Managing Director.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

CENTRAL LOCATION.

ALL ELECTRIC TRAM Fares Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting, European Bath and Sanitary Plumbing, Hot and Cold Water Supply throughout. Best of Food and Service.

Ladies and Gent's Hairdressing Saloon, 2nd Floor.

Tel. Central 57. Telegraphic Address: "VICTORIA, Tel. Central 57."

MASSAGE

Mr. SHIMIDZU

Mrs. HONDA.

No. 24, Wyndham Street.

Tel. C. 4945.

WITHOUT PURE BLOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor are its marvelous properties likely ever to be equalled in diseases arising from impure blood. It searches out and expels from the system every lurking trace of poisonous matter, curing blood and skin diseases, scrofulous and glandular swellings, bad legs, abscesses, ulcers, sores, gonorrhea, gonitis or Derrubante Neck, etc. It improves the general health and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

LIFE WITHOUT HEALTH IS LIVING DEATH.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

For Nervous Breakdown and Chronic Weakness

English Price 2s. (either remedy). The VETARZO REMEDIES CO., (Inventors) 10, W. V. London, Eng. Unprincipled Vendors may try to sell you something else for extra profit—do not accept it. Insist on having VETARZO. The genuine has words "VETARZO REMEDIES" on Government Stamp. Sold by LEADING CHEMISTS.

ATTRACTIVE

ADVERTISING



LET US SHOW YOU OUR FREE

ILLUSTRATIONS.

UP-TO-DATE DESIGNS FOR EVERY

LINE OF BUSINESS.

"The China Mail"

HONGKONG'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER

No. 5, Wyndham Street. Telephone C.22.

MILKMAID

EVAPORATED MILK

GOOD COOKS
KNOW THAT
IT'S

THE BEST

China Mail

ESTABLISHED
1845

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1926.

MILKMAID

EVAPORATED MILK

GIVES THAT
TASTY FLAVOUR
TO

ICE CREAM

REGULAR AND FAST
FREIGHT AND
PASSENGER SERVICES

LONDON SERVICE.

"DANDANUS" 15th July Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
"HETTER" 25th July Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Glasgow
"ANTHONY" 10th Aug Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
"ANTHONY" 24th Aug Marseilles, London, Rotterdam & Hamburg
Sails at Southampton

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"YANGTZE" 20th July Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"OANPA" 20th Aug Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow
"ANTHONY" 24th Sept Genoa, Havre, Liverpool & Glasgow

PACIFIC SERVICE.

via KOBE & YOKOHAMA
"PHILIPPINES" 15th July Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle
"TENDRUS" 7th Aug Victoria, Vancouver & Seattle

NEW YORK SERVICE.

"LADYBIRD" 18th July New York, Boston & Baltimore
"DOLBY" 27th Aug New York, Boston & Baltimore

PASSENGER SERVICE.

"HETTER" 28th July Singapore, Marseilles & London
"SARPEDON" 8th Sept Singapore, Marseilles & London
"PATROCLUS" 20th Oct Singapore, Marseilles & London
"ANTHONY" 17th Nov Singapore, Marseilles & London

Also cargo steamers with limited passenger accommodation at specially reduced fares.
For freight and passage rates and information apply to—

Butterfield & Swire.

Agents.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

NOTICE.

Wireless Telegraph Services, which offer speedy and efficient means of communication, are established between Hongkong and Ships at Sea, French Indo-China, the Province of Yunnan, and Macao. The Radio Telegraph Office is always open for the reception and transmission of Radio Telegrams and for reporting vessels passing Waglan and Gap Rock Lighthouses.

Full particulars may be obtained on application to the Radio Counter in the Main Hall of the G.P.O., and at the Radio Telegraph Office, 3rd floor, Government Building.

Dutiable articles forwarded by letter post to Great Britain are liable to confiscation by the Customs. Such articles should be forwarded by parcel post only.

Wireless Service between Hongkong and Canton resumed.

REGISTRATION FEE FOR LOCAL LETTERS.
On and after July 1, 1926, the registration fee for Local Letters will be 10 cents.

INWARD MAILS.

FROM	SUNDAY, JULY 11.	PER
Shanghai	11.00	Fushiki Maru
Straits and Calcutta	12.00	Hsiao
Canada, U.S.A. Japan & Shanghai	13.00	Empire of Russia
Manila	14.00	Pres. Grant
Manila	15.00	Pres. Taft
Australia and Manila	16.00	Mishima Maru
Australia and Manila	17.00	Taipei
Japan	18.00	Kashima Maru
U.S.A. Canada Japan & Shanghai	19.00	Pres. Madison
Hongkong, Japan & Shanghai	20.00	Taiyo Maru
Japan and Shanghai	21.00	Ando & Lobn
Japan	22.00	Aki Maru
U.S.A. Honolulu Japan & Shanghai	23.00	Pros. Wilson

OUTWARD MAILS.

FOR	SATURDAY, JULY 10.	PER
Shanghai	2.30 p.m.	Hsiao
Straits and Calcutta	3.30 p.m.	Hsiao
Canada, U.S.A. Japan & Shanghai	4.30 p.m.	Empire of Russia
Manila	5.30 p.m.	Pres. Grant
Manila	6.30 p.m.	Pres. Taft
Australia and Manila	7.30 p.m.	Mishima Maru
Australia and Manila	8.30 p.m.	Taipei
Japan	9.30 p.m.	Kashima Maru
U.S.A. Canada Japan & Shanghai	10.30 p.m.	Pres. Madison
Hongkong, Japan & Shanghai	11.30 p.m.	Taiyo Maru
Japan and Shanghai	12.30 p.m.	Ando & Lobn
Japan	1.30 p.m.	Aki Maru
U.S.A. Honolulu Japan & Shanghai	2.30 p.m.	Pros. Wilson

*Correspondence bearing vessel's name only.

ARTIFICIAL SILK.

BIG SLUMP IN SHARES
AT HOME.

SELLING PRICES DOWN.

London, July 9.

There is a big slump in the shares of Courtauld's, artificial silk manufacturers, one of the most favourite counters on the Stock Exchange, following the announcement of a reduction in the interim dividend from 1/6 to 1/3.

Shares dropped five-eighths—equivalent on market depreciation to 27,500,000.

The reduction of the interim dividend is possibly due to a policy of caution in view of the coal strike.

Courtauld's, however, are reducing their selling prices. It is believed that they are engaged in an intensive competition against their rivals, which may temporarily affect profits.—Reuter.

SUBMARINE'S FATE.

REMOVAL OF BODIES IN
NEW YORK.

New York, July 9.

The removal of the bodies of the men trapped in Submarine S.51 began at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. The bodies were carried to the Navy Hospital, where the identification process is carried out by a finger-print expert.—Reuter.

Eight Bodies Recovered.

New York, later.

The body of Lieutenant Foster was first identified. Eight bodies have been recovered, and four more are known to be in the wreckage, whilst the torpedo-room has not yet been entered.—Reuter.

TUBE STRIKE.

FIRST SERIOUS ACCIDENT
IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 9.

The first serious accident during the subway employees' strike occurred to-day. A train driven by a strike-breaker rounded a curve too quickly and jumped the rails. No one was injured, but the service was stopped four hours.—Reuter.

A TORNADO.

BUILDINGS AND ORCHARDS
RAZED.

Chicago, July 9.

Two persons were killed and several seriously injured as the result of a tornado which swept Benton Harbor and caused destruction in parts of Indiana, razing buildings and orchards.—Reuter.

COTTON INDUSTRY.

BOUNTY RECOMMENDED IN
AUSTRALIA.

Melbourne, July 9.

The Tariff Board has considered the Government scheme to encourage the cotton industry in Australia, by granting a bounty on cotton yarn spinning. The Board recommends a bounty of sixpence per lb.—Reuter.

The preliminary statement of the Church Missionary Society's income and expenditure for the year ending March 31, discloses the fact that the gross receipts amounted to £462,000, an increase of £19,000 over those of the preceding year. It is not yet known how much of this sum is available as income to meet the expenditure of this year, and the fact that the total payments have reached the sum of £505,000 makes it clear that once again the Society has to face a considerable deficit. Serious efforts were made last year to reduce the expenditure, but the high and in some countries increasing cost of maintaining present work, combined with adverse rates of exchange, made any large and immediate reduction impracticable.

FOR SALE!

AMERICAN GOVERNMENT
VESSELS.

NO CHANGE OF FLAG.

New York, July 9.

The Shipping Board is endeavouring to sell the Government passenger boats and cargo boats, including the leviathans 'George Washington, President Harding, and President Roosevelt.

The bids must be satisfactory, and must be made by American citizens or companies under the existing law. Ships must continue to fly the American flag and cannot be handed over to a foreign registry.—Reuter.

A Rumour.

It is rumoured in shipping circles that the International Mercantile Marine Company will probably bid for the four big ships named and others.—Reuter.

Harriman Interests.

New York, later.
It is rumoured that the bidders for the vessels owned by the United States Shipping Board include the Harriman interests who last week leased from New York two of their largest North River piers for ten years.—Reuter.

FRENCH CRISIS.

TREASURY ON THE
ROCKS.

Paris, July 9.

The Treasury's plight is indicated by the weekly return of the Bank of France showing nearly a thousand million francs worth of new bank notes printed, while the Treasury funds to meet all demands amount only to 300,000,000 francs. The Treasury has to meet the heaviest obligations at home, and abroad and has to pay unpostponable debts. It possesses barely enough money to last for a week and thus the new measure for inflation is regarded as inevitable.—Reuter.

London, July 9.

Renewed heavy selling yesterday created a new low record. Francs were 193½, closing at 192½, while Belgian francs touched 209 and closed at 207½ to the £.—Reuter.

Paris, July 9.

The fate of the new Government is in the balance, and it is agreed that to-day's debate will be decisive. It is opined that the Socialist plan for a Capital Levy will have ceased to count after M. Caillaux's speech.

It is estimated that the Government can rely on 230 votes, but the dubious factor is the attitude of the Moderates under M. Marin, who has not yet participated in the debate.

Meantime francs on London this morning were rather better at 187/37 and Belgian francs at 199/25.—Reuter.

COAL CRISIS.

N.U.R. AND EMBARGO
QUESTION.

London, July 9.

The N.U.R. Conference at Weymouth has endorsed the Executive's decision not to take action on the miners' request for the imposition of an embargo on coal.—Reuter.

Report Denied.

Moscow, July 9.
The official Tass Agency declares that the report that the Soviet Government has prohibited collections in Russia for British miners is without foundation. It states that Russian Trade Unionists are resolved to make regular deductions from their wages, ranging from a quarter per cent. to a half per cent. during the entire period of the British coal stoppage.—Reuter.

PASSPORT FEES.

AGREEMENT BETWEEN JAPAN
AND AMERICA.

Tokyo, July 9.

The Regent this morning signed the Japanese-American agreement cancelling all passport fees between the two countries.—Reuter.

WAR CRIPPLES.

PITEOUS MARCH IN PARIS
ON SUNDAY.

FRENCH DEBT QUESTION.

New York, July 9.

The Press are most interested in a march of disabled and other ex-Servicemen planned for Paris, on Sunday as a protest against the ratification of the French debt settlement with the United States.

The "New York World," in a leader, says that no intelligent person in this country believes that the debt settlement can last 62 years. There are devices for postponing an ultimate settlement, for which the public are not yet ready.

The "New York Times" expresses the opinion that even the most complacent American cannot, without an inward twinge consider the piteous march of 15,000 war cripples who undoubtedly speak the untried feelings of the majority of the French people.

The paper warns the Americans not to blind themselves to the significance of feeling abroad which, if not dissipated by every legitimate means, bids fair to cloud the international horizon for a long time.—Reuter.

LUDENDORFF.

DIVORCE GRANTED TO HIS
WIFE

ALLEGED NEGLECT.

Munich, July 9.

The wife of General Ludendorff has been granted a divorce. Her plea was that Ludendorff's political activities caused him to neglect her.

The case was heard in camera. The Court declared that both parties were blameworthy. The General withdrew his original petition for divorce when his wife brought a counter-petition.—Reuter.

JAPAN'S NAVY.

INCREASE IN NEXT YEAR'S
ESTIMATES.

Tokyo, July 9.

It is learned from the Navy Department that at the conference of high naval officials, this afternoon, the Navy Minister presiding, estimates for the fiscal year, 1927, which will shortly be presenting to the Finance Department, were tentatively fixed at 320,000,000 yen, which is an 80,000,000 yen increase on the present fiscal year.

These figures, it is understood, include an unstated sum for the construction of auxiliary vessels for replacement.—Reuter.

STRIKE ECHO.

HEARTBURNINGS OF THE
UNIONS.

London, July 9.

Heartburnings of the Trade Unions in regard to the General Strike were freely expressed at the Council meeting of the Federation of Trade Unions at Dover.

The ship constructors' representative said his Union had to pawn investments to assist members, and his Executive were determined that the members would not be called out in future except on their own behalf.—Reuter.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Bull-Terrier Bitch, 2 years old. Suitable for breeding purposes. Accustomed to children. Can recommend her to anyone requiring good watch dog. Apply to Box 493, c/o China Mail.

Printed and published for the concerned by GEORGE WILLIAM CADBURN, Managing Editor, at 5, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

TO-DAY at the CINEMAS

QUEEN'S

TO-DAY ONLY

at 2.30, 5.15, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

ERNST LUBITSCH

presents

MARIE PREVOST

in

the most Intriguing of Comedies

KISS ME AGAIN

STAR

TO-DAY ONLY

At 5.30 & 9.15 p.m.

ALMA TAYLOR

in

COMIN' THRO' THE RYE

A charming Love Story set amid the most Beautiful Scenery in the garden of England

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

Bookbinders.

"THE CHINA MAIL," Bookbinders.
No. 5, Wyndham Street.

Dentist.

HARRY FONG, Dentist,
1st floor, No. 74, Queen's Road Central. Tel. Central No. 1255.

Engineers & Shipbuilders

W. S. BAILEY & CO., LTD.,
Engineers and Shipbuilders
Kowloon Bay.
New Work & Repairs.
Call Flag "L"
Sole Agents for Kelvin Motors.

Hair Dressers & Booksellers.

LEE YEE,
Hair Dressers
and Booksellers
No. 12, D'Aguilar Street,
(opposite Queen's Theatre).

Land & Estate Agents.

PUN YICK CHO, Land & Estate Agents.
Tel. Central 911-1987.
35, Queen's Road Central.

Modistes.

MADAME FLINT,
Feddor Building.
Tel. Central 589.
(latest Parisian models).

SHOEMAKERS

(Japanese Hand-Made).

Every Kind of Footwear
MADE TO ORDER.



CHERRY & CO.,

4, D'AGUILAR STREET,

Opposite Kowloon & Co.

Telephone Central No. 481.

Hongkong, March 26, 1914.

Optician.

N. LAZARUS.
Hongkong's ONLY European
Optician. Modern sight testing
equipment, prompt repair service.
We duplicate any lens.
Manager R. A. Cooper, Qualified
Sight Testing Optician by
Canadian Government Exam
12, Queen's Road Central.

THE HONGKONG OPTICAL CO.,
Phone 2232.
63, Queen's Road Central.

Photographers.

MEE CHEUNG, Photographer.
28, Ice House Street,
Beaconsfield Arcade Branch,
Developing & Printing under
taken.

Printers.

"THE CHINA MAIL," General
Printers.
Publishers and Bookbinders,
5, Wyndham Street. Tel. C. 22.

Ship Chandlery.

E. HING & CO.,
25, Wing Woo St. Tel. C. 1116,
Metal Merchants and Ship
Chandlery.
Managing Director—Mr. H. S.
CHIN.

Low, Sole Canvas shoes \$9.00
Cape Rob. Sole Canvas shoes \$6.00
White Kid shoes \$9.00
Leather shoes \$8.00

Most complete stock of all styles
and sizes. Repairs a specialty.

WONG SIU WOON
21 Pottinger St. Phone C. 1474.

FOR SALE.

ASIATIC AND FOREIGN
POSTAGE STAMPS
In Bags, Packets, Sets, and Single.
PICTORIAL POSTCARDS
With Chinese Costumes, Views of
Hongkong, Canton, Macao, &c.
and
ALBUM of HONGKONG SCENES.

GRACA & CO.,

Dealers in Philatelic Goods Artistic
Postcards, Toys, Picture
Books, &c.

No. 10, Wyndham Street,
P.O. Box No. 620. Hongkong.